

New Estimate

HOUSATONIC RIVER FLOOD CONTROL

DANBURY, CONN.

LOCAL PROTECTION

STILL RIVER, CONNECTICUT

DESIGN MEMORANDUM NO. 5

STRUCTURES



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
WALTHAM, MASS.

APRIL 1969



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
424 TRAPELO ROAD
WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS 02154

IN REPLY REFER TO:

NEDED-E

30 April 1969

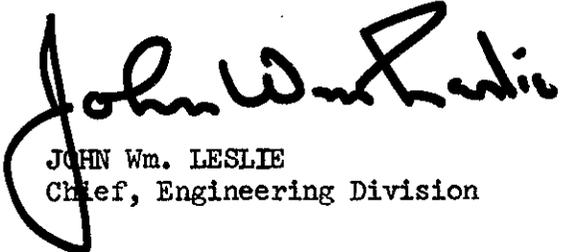
SUBJECT: Danbury Local Protection Project, Still River,
Housatonic River Basin, Connecticut, Design
Memorandum No. 5, Structures

Chief of Engineers
ATTN: ENGCW-E

There is submitted herewith, for review and approval, Design Memorandum No. 5, "Structures," for the Danbury, Connecticut, Local Protection Project, Still River, Housatonic River Basin, in accordance with ER 1110-2-1150.

FOR THE DIVISION ENGINEER:

1 Incl (10 cys)
as


JOHN Wm. LESLIE
Chief, Engineering Division

FLOOD CONTROL PROJECT

DANBURY LOCAL PROTECTION PROJECT
STILL RIVER
HOUSATONIC RIVER BASIN
CONNECTICUT

DESIGN MEMORANDUM NO. 5

STRUCTURES

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1	Hydrology and Hydraulic Design	29 August 1968	23 October 1968
2	General Design and Site Geology	21 January 1969	
3	Concrete Materials		
4	Embankments, Foundations and Channel Improvements		
5	Structures		

DANBURY LOCAL PROTECTION PROJECT
Still River
Housatonic River Basin
Connecticut

DESIGN MEMORANDUM NO. 5

STRUCTURES

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7	Structural Details and Loading Diagrams

DANBURY LOCAL PROTECTION PROJECT
STILL RIVER
HOUSATONIC RIVER BASIN
CONNECTICUT

A. PERTINENT DATA

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| 1. <u>PURPOSE</u> | Flood Control |
| 2. <u>LOCATION</u> | |
| State | Connecticut |
| County | Fairfield |
| City | Danbury |
| River | Still |
| Distance from Stamford | 29 Miles |
| Distance from New Haven | 34 Miles |
| Distance from Hartford | 58 Miles |
| Distance from New York, N.Y. | 66 Miles |
| 3. <u>STRUCTURES</u> | |
| a. <u>Rectangular Reinforced Concrete Section</u> | |
| Length | 3,625 feet |
| Width | 40 feet |
| Depth | 13 feet |
| Invert Slope | 0.002 ft./ft. |
| b. <u>Railroad Bridges</u> | |
| Number | 4 |

*Repaired
trapezoidal
channel*

Location	No. 1 Station 10+58 No. 2 Station 24+72 No. 3 Station 38+31 No. 4 Station 70+64
Type	Nos. 1, 2, & 3 Twin Barrel Reinforced Concrete Box Culverts. No. 4 Two Span Through Plate Girder Bridge to be designed by the Owner.
Size	No. 1 Two Barrels Each Opening 20x13x60 feet. No. 2 Two Barrels Each Opening 20x13x220 feet. No. 3 Two Barrels Each Opening 20x13x110 feet*.

* Part of this structure is for use of Highway Bridge No. 1 at Station 37+56.

c. Highway Bridges.

Number	2
Location	No. 1 Station 37+56 (Chestnut Street). No. 2 Station 52+82 (Casper Street) to be designed by the Owner.
Type	No. 1 Twin Barrel Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert. No. 2 Two Span Highway Bridge.
Size	No. 1 Two Barrels Each Opening 20x13x110 feet*.

* See Note under b. above.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION
CORPS OF ENGINEERS
WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

FLOOD CONTROL PROJECT

DANBURY LOCAL PROTECTION PROJECT

Still River
Housatonic River Basin
Connecticut

DESIGN MEMORANDUM NO. 5

STRUCTURES

B. INTRODUCTION

1. PURPOSE. - The purpose of this design memorandum is to present for review and approval the basic design criteria for the structures for the Local Protection Project, Danbury, Connecticut. Basic criteria, typical structural computations and other pertinent data are presented.

C. HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS

2. GENERAL. - Approved Design Memorandum No. 1 contains the basic hydrologic and hydraulic design criteria for the project.

D. GEOLOGY

3. GENERAL. - Submitted Design Memorandum No. 2 "General Design and Site Geology" contains the detailed geological studies for the project.

E. EMBANKMENTS, FOUNDATIONS AND CHANNEL IMPROVEMENTS

4. GENERAL. - Detailed design studies of the embankments, foundations and channel improvements will be presented in Design Memorandum No. 4.

F. CONCRETE

5. GENERAL. - Concrete materials will be discussed in detail in Design Memorandum No. 3 "Concrete Materials."

G. STRUCTURAL DESIGN

6. PURPOSE AND SCOPE. - This section presents the design criteria, basic data, assumptions and the procedure used in the structural design of the U-channel sections and box culverts. Typical computations are included showing the maximum loading conditions and design of critical sections. It does not present the design criteria for the railroad bridge at Station 70+64 nor the highway bridge at Station 52+82 which will be designed by the owners, The Penn Central Company and the City of Danbury, respectively.

7. DESIGN CRITERIA.

a. General. - All working stresses conform to those specified in the Engineering Manual EM 1110-1-2101, dated 1 November 1963. General loading conditions, design assumptions and other design criteria are based on the following applicable parts of the Engineering Manual for Civil Works: Standard Practice for Concrete (EM 1110-2-2000, Dec. 1965), Conduits, Culverts and Pipes (Draft) (EM 1110-2-2902, March 1966), Retaining Walls (EM 1110-2-2502, dated May 1961) and Wall Design (Part CXXV, Chapter 1, Change 2, dated 15 March 1961).

b. Concrete. - Concrete working stresses are in general accordance with ACI Standard Building Code Requirements for reinforced concrete, using concrete with a minimum ultimate compressive strength of 3,000 lbs. per square inch, except for the twin box culverts which is 4,000 lbs. per square inch.

<u>Flexure</u> (Extreme fiber stresses in comp.)	<u>P.S.I.</u>
Twin Box Culverts	1800
U-Channel Sections	1050

c. Reinforcement.

(1) Grade and Working Stresses. - All reinforcement in the structures, including temperature and shrinkage reinforcement, is designed for the working stresses of new billet steel, intermediate grade, deformed bars which is 20,000 p.s.i. in flexural tension. The reinforcement will conform to the requirements of Federal Specification QQ-S-632, Type II, Grade C, and to ASTM A-305-56T.

(2) Spacing. - The clear distance between parallel bars will not be less than 1-1/2 times the diameter of round bars except that in no case will the clear distance between parallel bars be less than 1-inch, or 1-1/2 times the maximum size of the coarse aggregate.

(3) Minimum Cover for Reinforcement.

<u>Item</u>	<u>Min. Cover (Inches)</u>
Interior face of channel sections and culverts	4
Exterior face of channel sections and culverts	3
Bottom of base slabs	4

(4) Splices. - All splices are in accordance with the ACI Building Code and as set forth in Table 14c of Reinforced Concrete Design Handbook, ACI Publication SP-3.

(5) Temperature and Shrinkage Reinforcement. - Temperature and shrinkage reinforcement is provided where the main reinforcement extends in only one direction. Such reinforcement provides for a ratio of steel area to concrete area (bd) of 0.002 with a minimum of .0012 in each face up to a maximum of #6 bars at 12" cc.

d. Increase in Normal Working Stresses. - There are no increased allowable working stresses.

e. Waterstops. - Rubber or polyvinyl waterstops will be used in all concrete contraction joints and expansion joints.

8. BASIC DATA AND ASSUMPTIONS.

a. Loads.

(1) Dead Loads

Concrete	150 p.s.f.
Soil (min. saturated wt.)	110 p.c.f.
Soil (max. saturated wt.)	140 p.c.f.

(2) Live Loads. - The following live loads are used:

General

Water		62.5 p.c.f.
R.R. Loading	Cooper	E 72
Highway Loading		H 20

R.R. Gate Structures

Track Loading Cooper E 72

b. External Water Pressure. - Hydraulic pressure under flood condition is assumed to act over the entire area in question under the full head available. Ground water elevation is assumed at 50% of height between drain invert and ground surface.

c. Earth Pressure. - Earth pressures are determined in general accordance with EM 1110-2-2502, Retaining Walls, dated 29 May 1961.

d. Earthquake Forces. - Earthquake forces are considered to be of no consequence on these structures and have been neglected.

e. Frost Protection. - All structures will have a minimum of 4'-0" cover for frost protection.

f. Uplift Factor of Safety. - All structures are investigated for an uplift safety factor using minimum soil weights. A safety factor of at least 1.1 is provided when considering only the vertical weight of soil on the projecting base.

9. PREPARATION OF DESIGN COMPUTATIONS. - Extensive use of computer programming has been used in preparing computations. The Mathatron desk top computer was used to analyze the structures. The U-channel base slab was also analyzed as a beam on an elastic foundation by means of a Fortran program based on the Popov method of successive approximations.

10. DESIGN OF STRUCTURES. -

a. General. - Between Stations 9+20 and 45+45 a concrete channel lining is used with the exception of two railroad and one combined railroad and roadway crossings. At these instances, a twin box culvert is utilized. The typical channel lining is in the form of a U-section 40 feet wide and 13 feet high. The box culverts are twin 20 feet wide by 13 feet high sections with the exception of the highway culvert whose twin sections will be 14 feet high. At the inlet the U-channel section will be in the form of a drop structure varying from approximately 70 feet in width to a width of 41.5 feet. The outlet structure will also widen out to 53 feet and will act as a stilling basin.

b. U-Channel Sections. - Due to the varying weights and characteristics of soil along the route of the channel's length, it is considered necessary to investigate for both the maximum and minimum values. Because of the large width to height ratio, it is also considered important to check the base slab as a beam on elastic foundation. Maximum values obtained from the following conditions of loading are used in the design.

Case I. - Rigid U-section using maximum soil weight with at rest coefficient of .50. Uplift safety factors found with vert. weight of earth on base projection and also with wedge of earth, using a tan. of internal friction of 25° . Channel assumed empty and ground water assumed drawn down to 50% from ground surface to drain inlet.

CASE II. - Same as Case I with minimum soil weight and active earth pressure.

CASE III. - Same as Case I, but treat base as a beam on elastic foundation with minimum foundation modulus of 50T.

Cases I and II were analyzed by the Mathatron computer. Case I produces the largest steel requirements in the wall stem. Case II is critical as far as floatation and maximum mom. at the center of the base slab. Case III is critical for the base slab at the outside edges.

c. Twin Box Culvert - Railroad Loading. -

(1) General. - There is included in the Appendix, computations for the box culvert at Station 10+20 to Station 10+90. These computations are typical for all the railroad crossings. Depth of fill, and assumed skew angle of railroad and conduit vary, but method of design is the same for all railroad crossings. Monoliths between Station 23+50 to Station 25+85 are normal to the channel, but at other crossings, monoliths are held parallel to the R.R. centerline. Minimum uplift factor of safety is based on ground water level half way between drain invert and ground surface. The computer program is based on ground water at top of conduit. It is considered that this variation will produce only minor differences in steel requirements.

(2) Loading Condition. - The twin box culvert is designed assuming a uniform distributed load is obtained from the AREA handbook, page 8-16-5, using the graph for Cooper E-72 loading. This is then changed to an equivalent earth surcharge. Maximum earth weights and K-factor produces the larger design requirements. The shear safety

factor is checked in the roof and base slabs. The computations presented cover a simultaneous loading of both sections of the conduit. Final computations will include only one side loaded and the other side unloaded.

d. Twin Box Culvert - Highway Loading. - The box culvert from approximately Station 37+18 to Station 38+00 is subjected to highway loadings. This has been determined the equivalent of 400 pounds per sq. ft. The method of design is the same as for the railroad culvert.

e. Miscellaneous Drainage Structures. - Manholes and structures incidental to the drainage system will be designed in accordance with standard practice.

11. CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURE. - Due to the necessity of maintaining stream flow, it will be necessary to construct half of the structures at a time while flow is directed in the adjacent half. This will be accomplished by temporary flume. Because of the close proximity of railroad tracks and roof of conduit, it will also be necessary to construct temporary relocation of railroad tracks and build one section at a time.

H. COST ESTIMATES

12. ESTIMATES OF COST. - The estimate of cost is as follows. It has been revised to reflect changes in unit quantities and unit prices due to more advanced design and data obtained from recent bid openings.

FIRST COST
(1969 Base)

<u>Item</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Unit Price</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Total Amount</u>
NON-FEDERAL COST					
<u>Lands and Damages</u>					\$300,000
<u>Relocations</u>					
Utilities				411,540	
Contingencies				60,460	
Engineering & Design				34,000	
Supervision & Administration				<u>29,000</u>	
					535,000
<u>Railroad</u>				55,000	
Contingencies				8,000	
Engineering & Design				5,000	
Supervision & Administration				<u>4,000</u>	
					72,000
<u>Highway Bridges</u>				192,200	
Contingencies				28,800	
Engineering & Design				18,000	
Supervision & Administration				<u>14,000</u>	
					253,000
TOTAL NON-FEDERAL COSTS					\$1,160,000
FEDERAL COST					
<u>Railroad Bridges</u>					
Care & Maintenance of Existing R.R. Bridges During Construction		L.S.		125,000	

<u>Item</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Unit Price</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Total Amount</u>
R.R. Track	860	L.F.	25.00	21,500	
R.R. Bridge #26.40, Remove					
R.R. Bridge #26.06, Remove		L.S.		25,000	
R.R. Bridge #25.69, Remove					
R.R. Bridge #25.14, Remove and Recon- struct		L.S.		150,000	
R.R. Bridges				321,500	
Contingencies				48,500	
				<u>370,000</u>	
Engineering & Design				18,000	
Supervision & Administration				<u>24,000</u>	
TOTAL R.R. BRIDGES					412,000

Channels & Canals

Preparation of Site	20	Ac.	500	10,000	
Stream Control		L.S.		275,000	
Structure Removal		L.S.		10,000	
Excavation, General	210,000	C.Y.	1.75	367,500	
Excavation, Rock	100	C.Y.	8.00	800	
Stone Protection	11,500	C.Y.	17.00	195,500	
1½" Crushed Stone	1,000	C.Y.	7.50	7,500	
Gravel Bedding	19,000	C.Y.	4.00	76,000	
Compacted Gravel Fill	7,000	C.Y.	3.75	26,250	
Uncompacted Processed Gravel	5,400	C.Y.	4.00	21,600	
Dumped Process Gravel	650	C.Y.	3.50	2,275	
Compacted Process Sand	2,600	C.Y.	5.00	13,000	
Dumped Process Sand	4,600	C.Y.	4.50	20,700	
Uncompacted Earth Fill	6,700	C.Y.	.75	5,025	
Compacted Earth Fill	60,400	C.Y.	1.75	45,300	
Channel Fill	16,000	C.Y.	.50	8,000	
6" Topsoil, Seeded	7,500	S.Y.	1.00	7,500	
Concrete	26,260	C.Y.	60.00	1,575,600	
Reinforcing Steel	2,485,000	LBS	.17	422,450	
Cement	39,400	BEL	5.00	197,000	

<u>Item</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Unit Price</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Total Amount</u>
Steel Sheet					
Piling, Permanent	1,300	S.F.	6.00	7,800	
Const. Sheet					
Piling, Temporary	103,500	S.F.	3.50	362,250	
6" BCCMP	1,200	L.F.	4.00	4,800	
8" BCCMP Perf.	7,300	L.F.	5.00	36,500	
12" BCCMP	5,100	L.F.	6.00	30,600	
6' Chain Link					
Fence	6,700	L.F.	6.00	33,500	
Shoring	1,800	L.F.	6.00	10,800	
Manhole	14	EA.	700.00	9,800	
Drainage Structure	7	EA.	5,000.00	35,000	
36" Flap Gate	1	EA.	1,000.00	1,000	
				<u>3,818,650</u>	
Contingencies				<u>572,350</u>	
				<u>4,391,000</u>	
Engineering & Design				357,000	
Supervision & Administration				<u>290,000</u>	
TOTAL CHANNELS & CANALS					\$5,038,000
TOTAL FEDERAL COST					
R.R. Bridges -				<u>\$412,000</u>	
Channels & Canals -				<u>5,038,000</u>	
				<u>\$5,450,000</u>	
TOTAL PROJECT CONSTRUCTION COSTS					\$6,610,000

572,350
425
622,9

I. ECONOMICS

13. ANNUAL BENEFITS. - Average annual flood damage prevention benefits over the project life amount to \$224,000 for the reach from White Street to Triangle Street. Additional benefits of \$11,000 annually are realized in the Urban Renewal Area upstream of White Street from the effects of the project on the channel work done under Urban Renewal. Downstream of Triangle Street the replacement of the railroad bridge will make the State channel job more effective and benefits of \$3,000 annually accrue to the project. Total average annual benefits credited to the project amount to \$238,000.

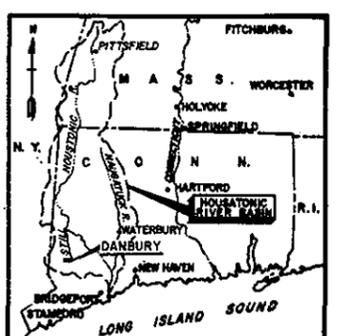
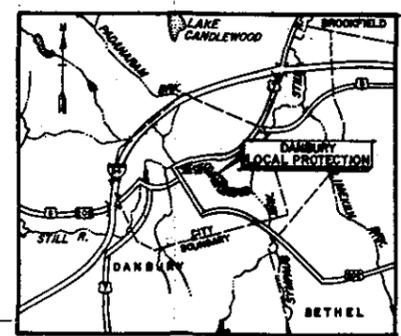
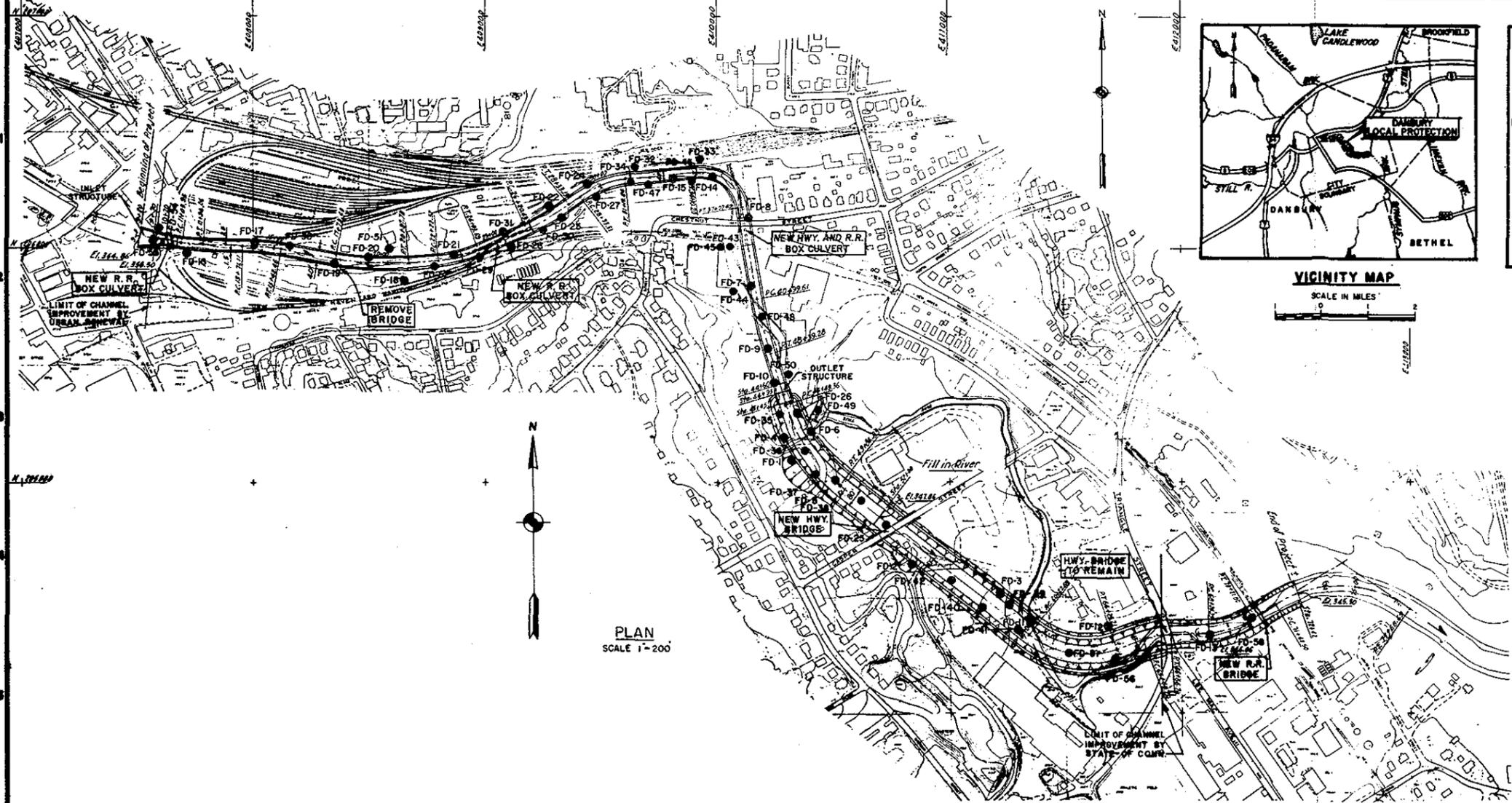
14. ANNUAL COSTS. - Total annual charges amounting to \$226,000 are summarized as follows:

ESTIMATED ANNUAL CHARGES
 (100-Year Life)
LOCAL PROTECTION WORK
 DANBURY LOCAL PROTECTION PROJECT, CONN.
 STILL RIVER
 HOUSATONIC RIVER BASIN
DESIGN MEMORANDUM NO. 5
STRUCTURES

<u>Item</u> <u>No.</u>	<u>Item</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>Cost</u>
1.	<u>FEDERAL INVESTMENT</u>		
	Federal First Cost	\$5,450,000	
		*	
	Interest During Construction	0	
	TOTAL FEDERAL INVESTMENT	<u>\$5,450,000</u>	
2.	<u>FEDERAL ANNUAL CHARGES</u>		
	Interest (@ 0.0325)	177,100	
	Amortization (@0.00138)	<u>7,500</u>	
	TOTAL FEDERAL ANNUAL CHARGES		\$184,600
3.	<u>NON-FEDERAL INVESTMENT</u>		
	Lands, Easements & Rights-of-Way	300,000	
	Improvements	<u>860,000</u>	
	TOTAL NON-FEDERAL FIRST COST	<u>\$1,160,000</u>	
	TOTAL NON-FEDERAL INVESTMENT	1,160,000	
4.	<u>NON-FEDERAL ANNUAL CHARGES</u>		
	Interest (@ 0.0325)	37,700	
	Amortization (@ 0.00138)	1,600	
	Maintenance and Operation	<u>2,100</u>	
	TOTAL NON-FEDERAL ANNUAL CHARGES		41,400
5.	TOTAL ANNUAL CHARGES		226,000
6.	TOTAL ANNUAL BENEFITS		\$238,000

*Project will be operational before end of two year period, therefore no interest is charged.

15. BENEFIT-COST RATIO. - The ratio of benefit to cost is 1.05 to 1.



VICINITY MAP
SCALE IN MILES

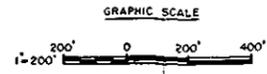
LOCATION MAP
SCALE IN MILES

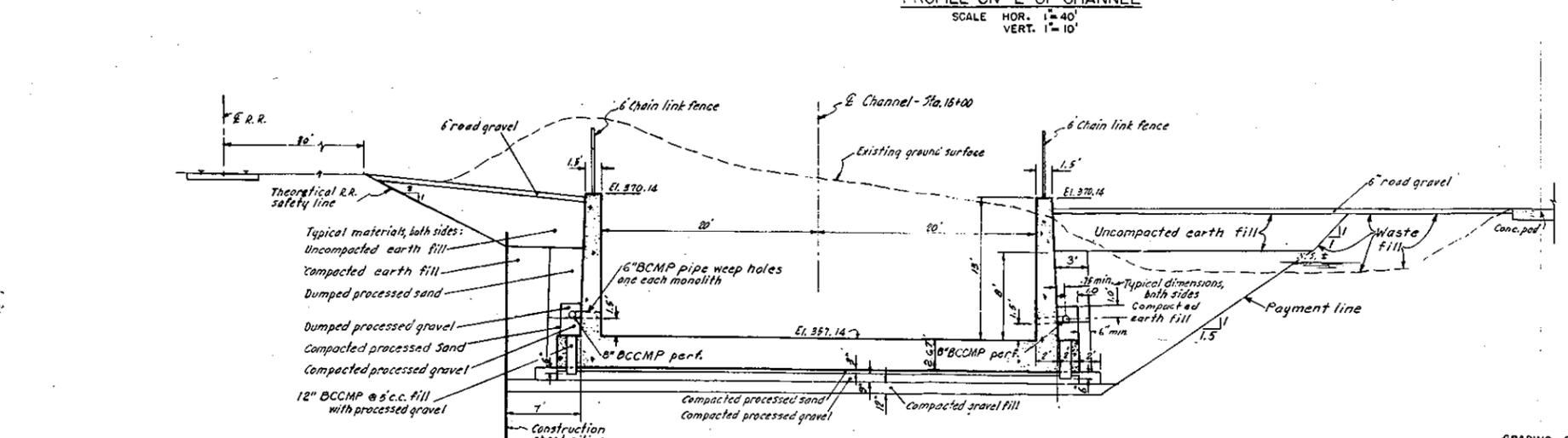
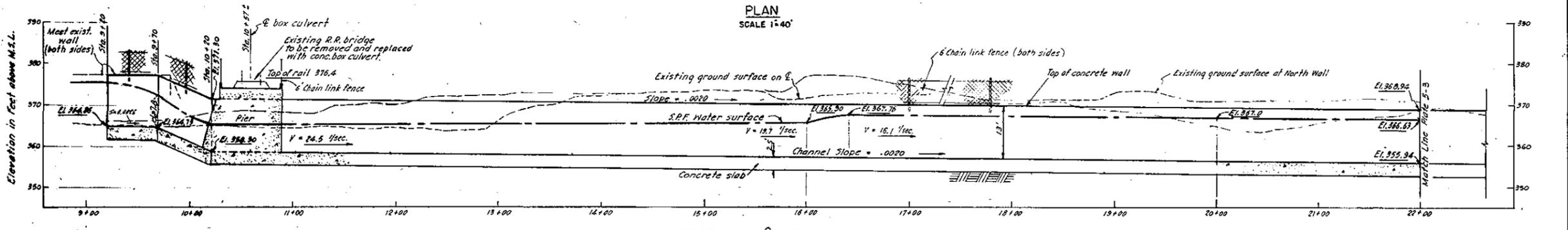
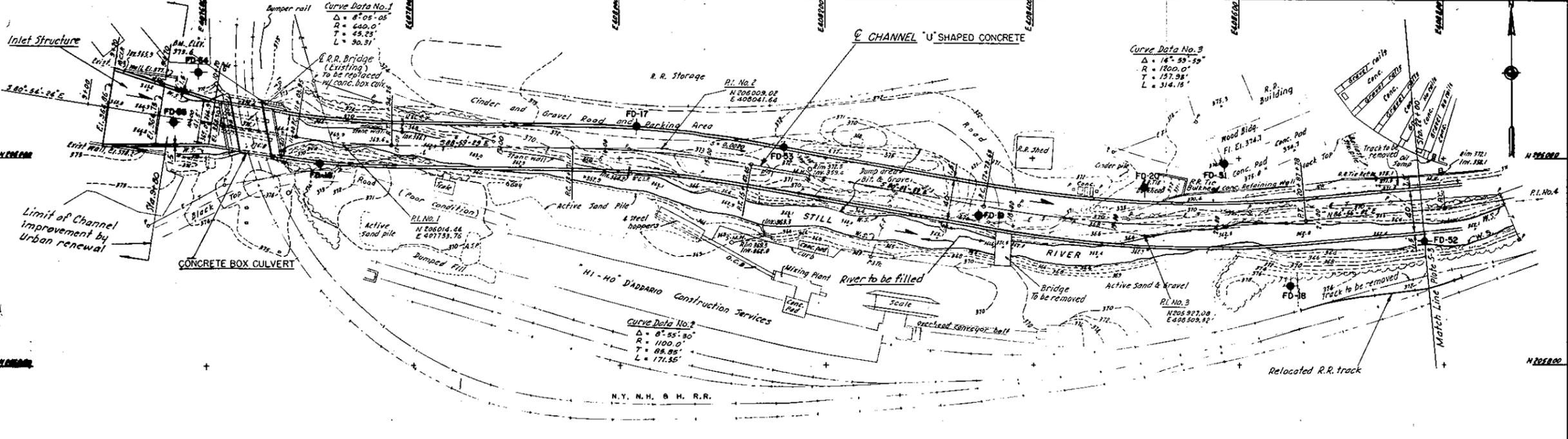
PLAN
SCALE 1"=200'

NOTES
ELEVATIONS REFER TO MEAN SEA LEVEL DATUM
CONTOUR INTERVAL IS 10 FEET

LEGEND
FD FOUNDATION TEST BORING

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEW ENGLAND DIVISION CORPS OF ENGINEERS WATERBURY, MASS.	
HOUSATONIC RIVER FLOOD CONTROL DANBURY CHANNEL IMPROVEMENT GENERAL PLAN AND PLAN OF FOUNDATION EXPLORATIONS STILL RIVER CONNECTICUT	
DATE: _____	SCALE: 1"=200'
NOU. SHEET	





NOTES
 For typical section of concrete box culvert, see Plate No. 5-3.



REVISION	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
 NEW ENGLAND DIVISION
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS
 WALTHAM, MASS.

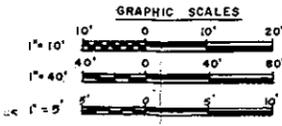
**HOUSATONIC RIVER FLOOD CONTROL
 DANBURY CHANNEL IMPROVEMENT
 PLAN AND PROFILE NO. 1
 STA. 9+20 TO STA. 22+00**

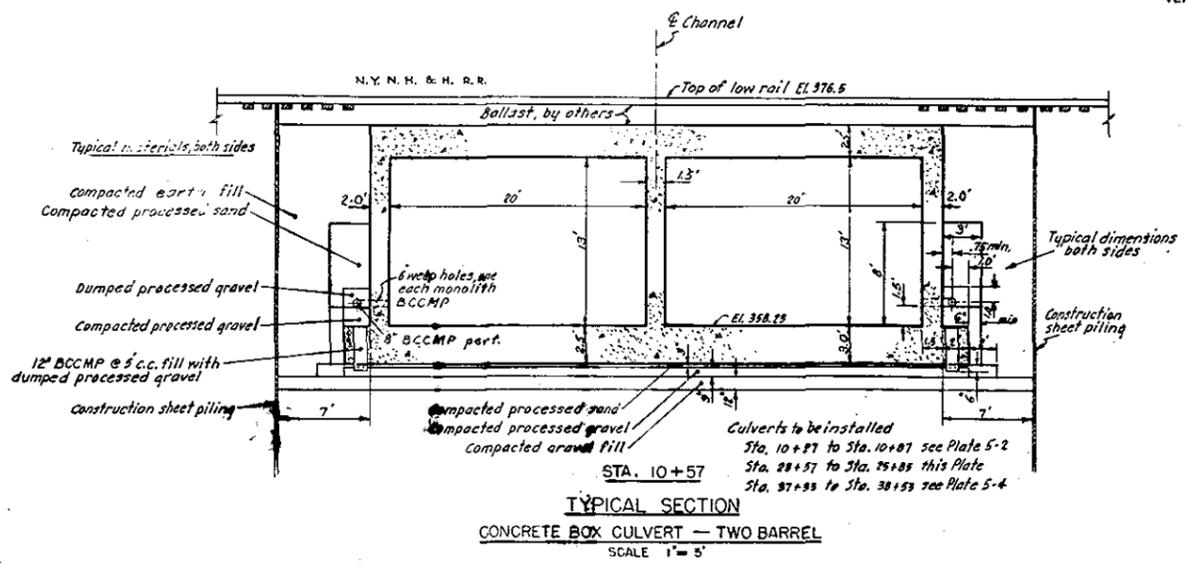
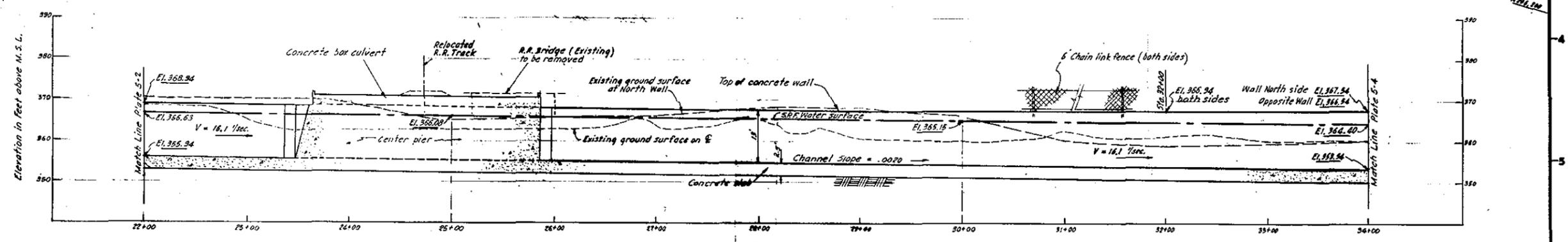
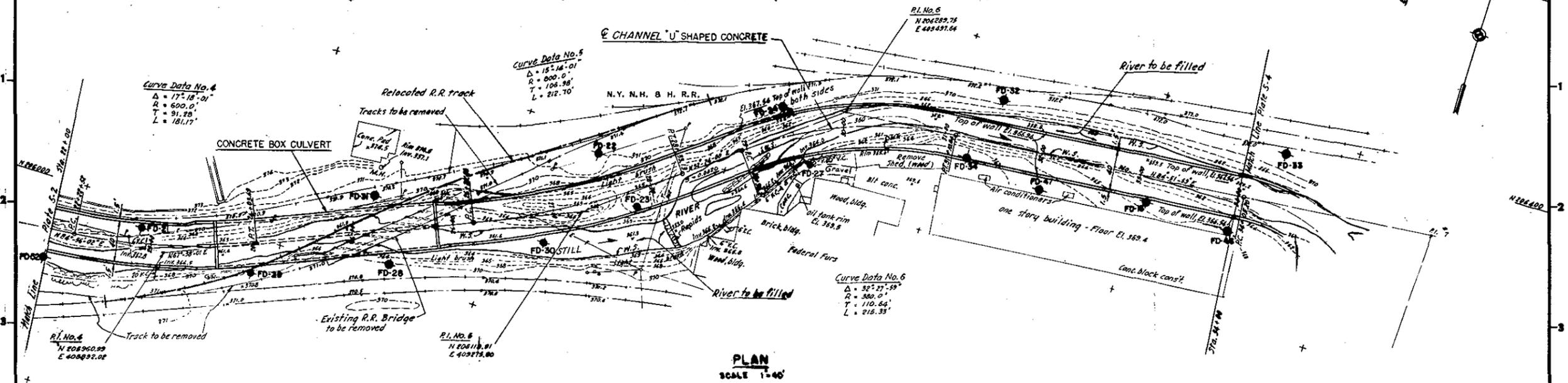
STILL RIVER, CONNECTICUT

APPROVED: _____ DATE: _____
 CHIEF, DISTRICT BRANCH

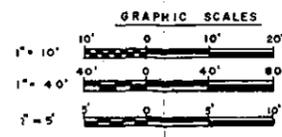
SCALE AS SHOWN SPEC. NO. CIV. ENG. 19-018-
 DRAWING NUMBER

SHEET





NOTES
For typical section of "U" shaped concrete channel, see Plate No. 5-2.



REVISION	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
 NEW ENGLAND DIVISION
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS
 WALTHAM, MASS.

HOUSATONIC RIVER FLOOD CONTROL
DANBURY CHANNEL IMPROVEMENT
 PLAN AND PROFILE NO. 2
 STA. 22+00 TO STA. 34+00

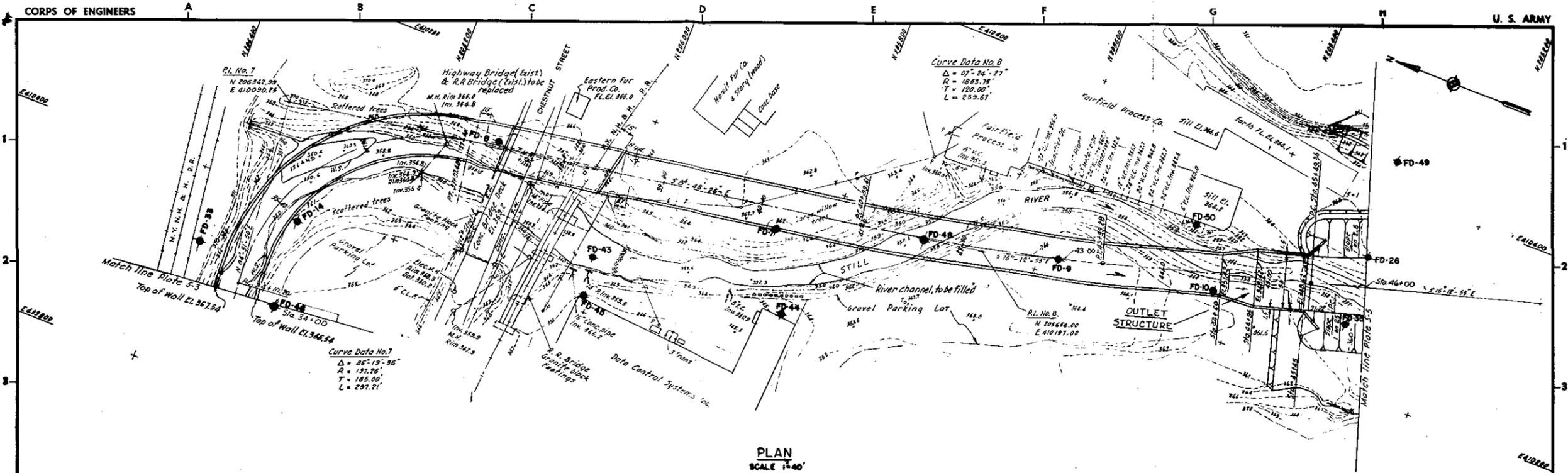
STILL RIVER CONNECTICUT

APPROVED: _____ DATE: _____

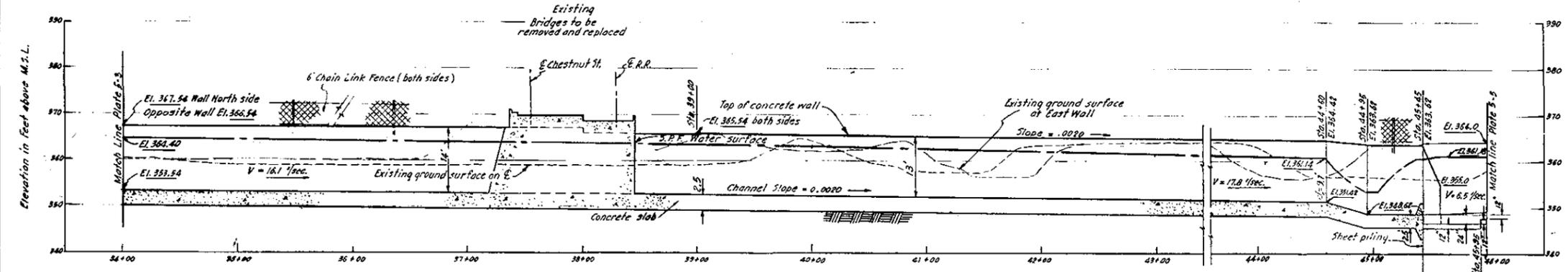
CHIEF, DESIGN BRANCH CHIEF, CONSTRUCTION BRANCH

SCALE(S) SHOWN SPEC. NO. CIV. ENG. 18-018-
 DRAWING NUMBER

SHEET

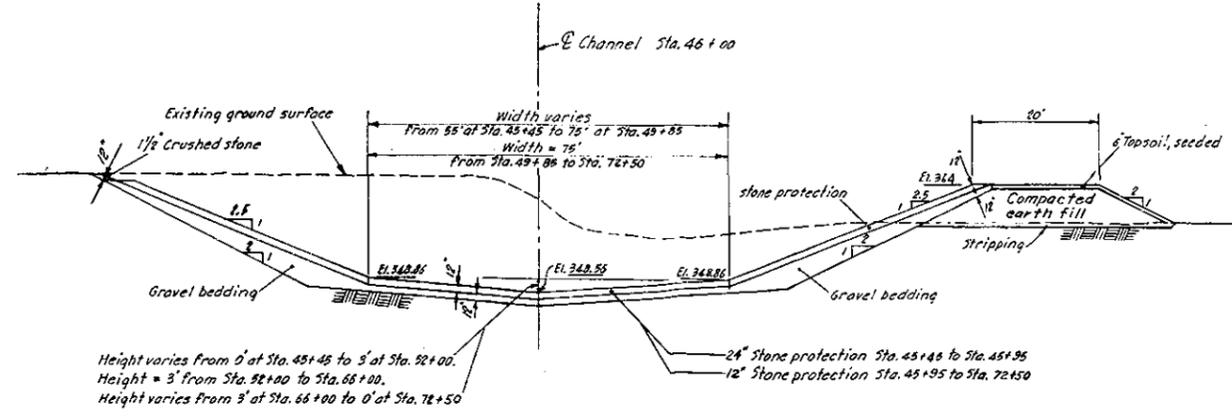


PLAN
SCALE 1" = 40'

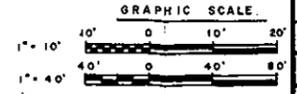


PROFILE ON C OF CHANNEL
SCALE HOR. 1" = 40'
VERT. 1" = 10'

NOTES
 For typical section of U shaped channel see Plate 5-3
 For typical section of Concrete Box Culvert (Sta. 37+38 to Sta. 38+35) see Plate No. 5-3.



TYPICAL SECTION
SCALE 1" = 10'



REVISION	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
 NEW ENGLAND DIVISION
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS
 WALTHAM, MASS.

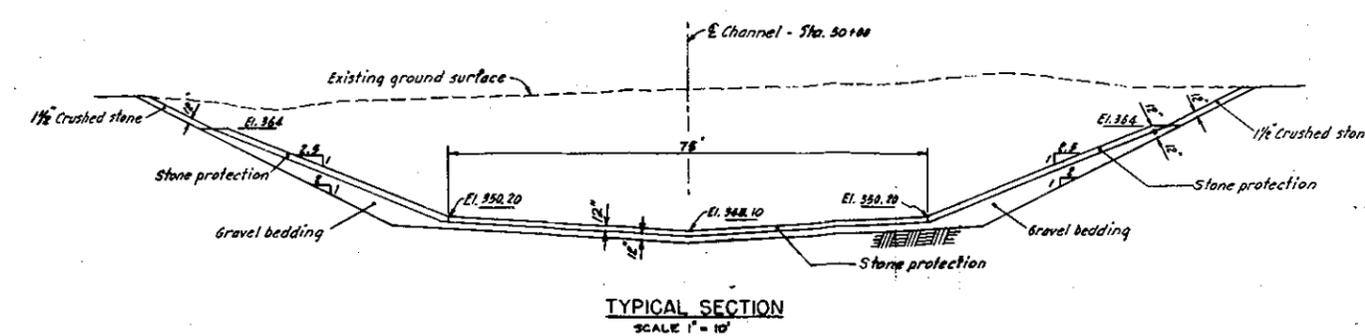
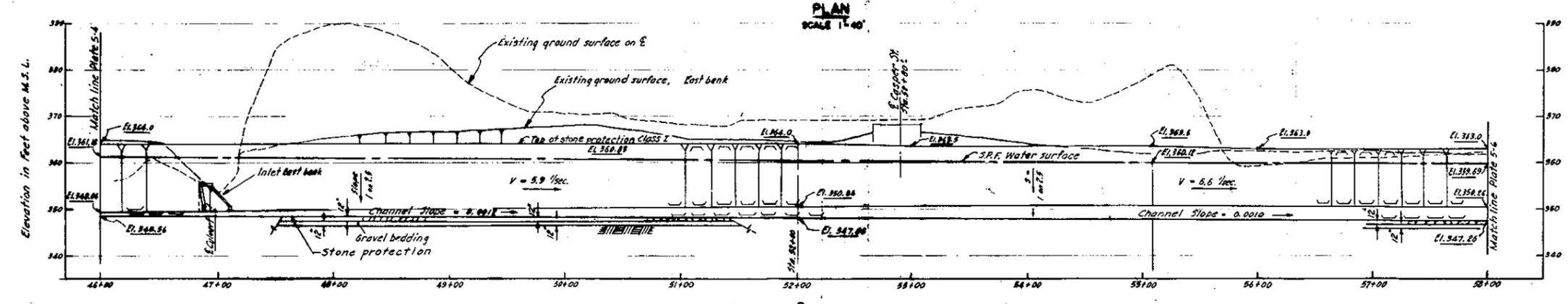
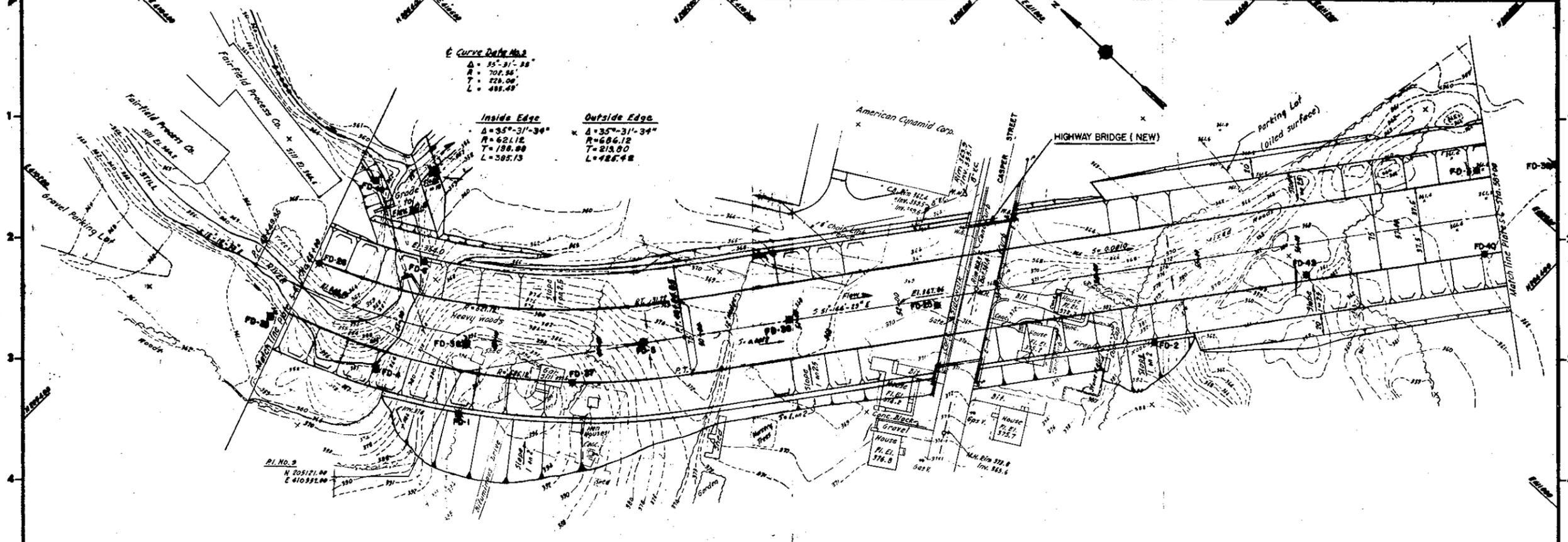
**HOUSATONIC RIVER FLOOD CONTROL
 DANBURY CHANNEL IMPROVEMENT**

PLAN AND PROFILE NO. 3
 STA. 34+00 TO STA. 46+00

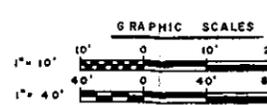
STILL RIVER CONNECTICUT

APPROVED: _____ DATE: _____
 APPROVAL RECOMMENDED: _____
 CHECKED: _____
 DESIGNED: _____
 SUBMITTED: _____

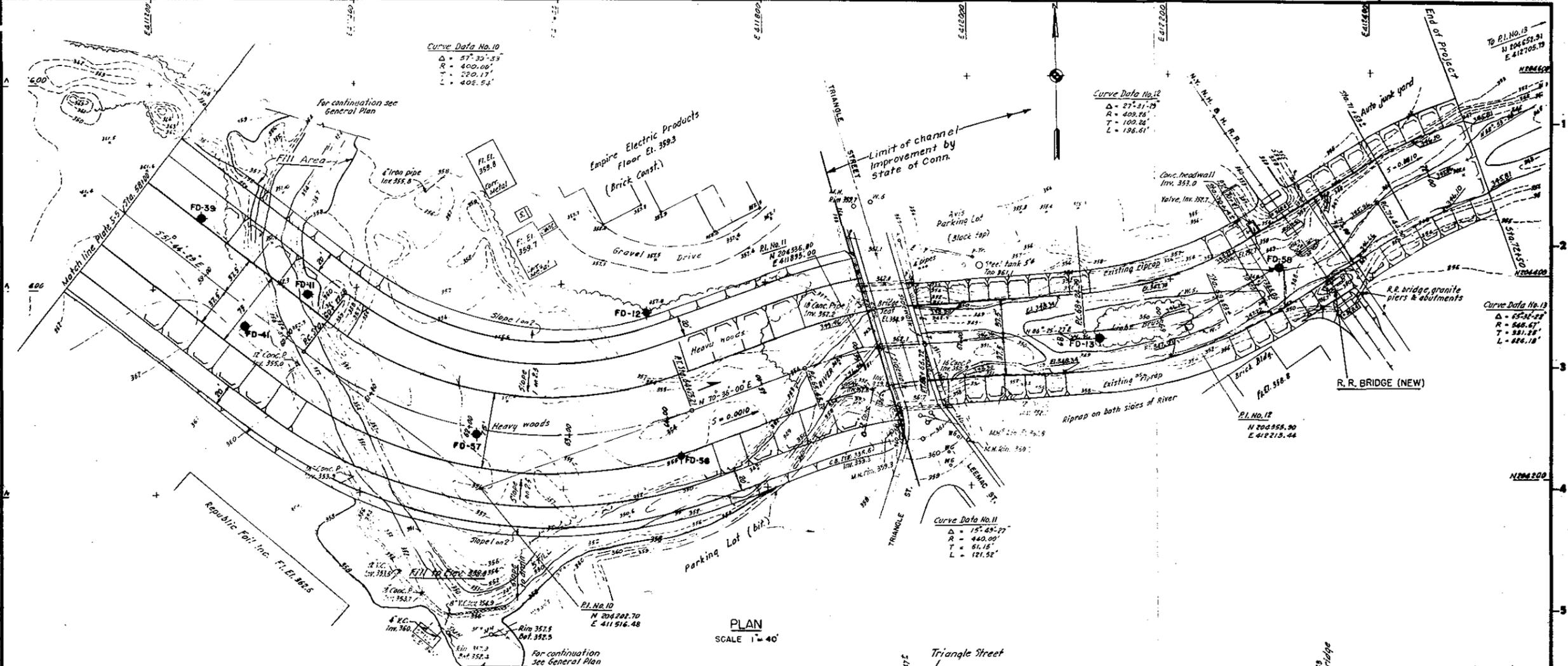
SCALE AS SHOWN SPEC. NO. _____ DRAWING NUMBER _____ SHEET _____



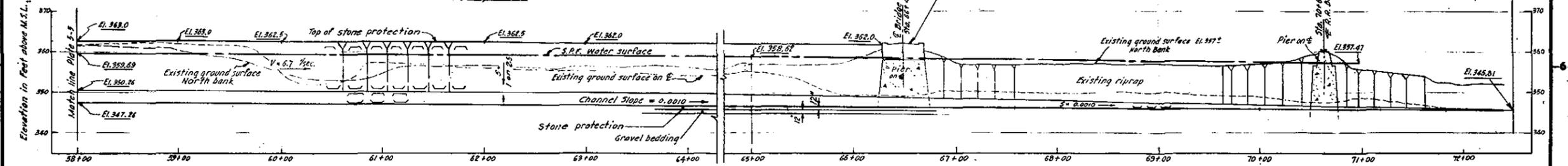
NOTES
 For typical section from Sta. 46+00 to Sta. 49+85, see Plate No. 5-4.



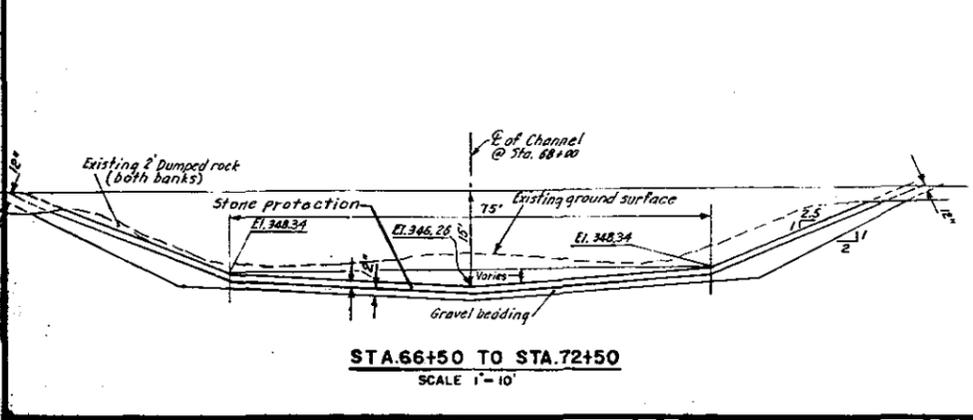
DESIGNED BY	DRAWN BY	CHECKED BY
APPROVED BY	DATE	DESCRIPTION
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEW ENGLAND DIVISION CORPS OF ENGINEERS WASHINGTON, D.C.		
HOUSATONIC RIVER FLOOD CONTROL DANBURY CHANNEL IMPROVEMENT PLAN AND PROFILE NO. 4		
STA. 46+00 TO STA. 58+00 STILL RIVER CONNECTICUT		
APPROVED	DATE	CHIEF ENGINEER
SCALE(S) SHOWN	SPEC. NO.	DESIGN NUMBER
HOU SHEET		



PLAN
SCALE 1" = 40'

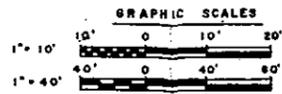


PROFILE ON C OF CHANNEL
SCALE HOR. 1" = 40'
VERT. 1" = 10'

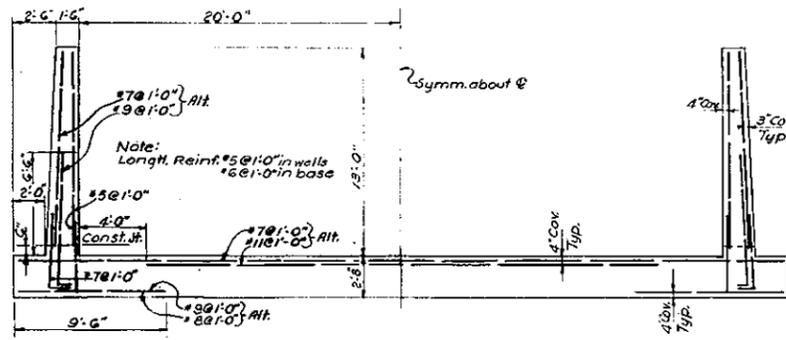


STA. 66+50 TO STA. 72+50
SCALE 1" = 10'

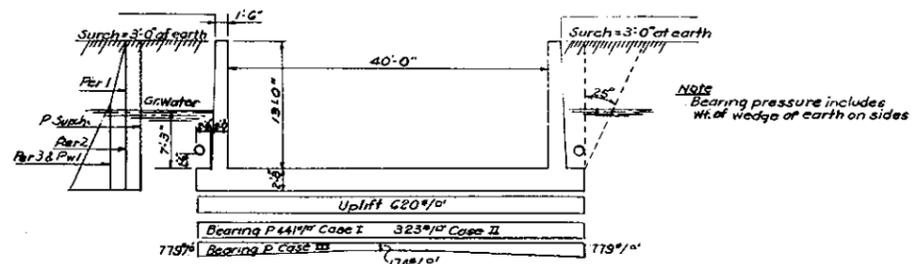
NOTES
For typical section from Sta. 58+00 to Sta. 67+07,
and from Sta. 63+63 to 71+63 see Plate No. 5-A.



REVISION	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEW ENGLAND DIVISION CORPS OF ENGINEERS WALTHAM, MASS.			
HOUSATONIC RIVER FLOOD CONTROL DANBURY CHANNEL IMPROVEMENT PLAN AND PROFILE NO. 5			
STA. 58+00 TO STA. 72+00			
STILL RIVER		CONNECTICUT	
DATE		DATE	
HOU- SHEET			



STEEL ARRANGEMENT
SCALE 1/4" = 1'-0"



LOADING DIAGRAM

Case I

Maximum weight of soil and of rest coefficient equal to 20. Uplift safety factor found with vert. weight of earth on base projection and also with weight of wedge of earth on sides using a tangent of internal friction of 25°. Channel assumed empty and ground water half way between drain invert and ground surface.

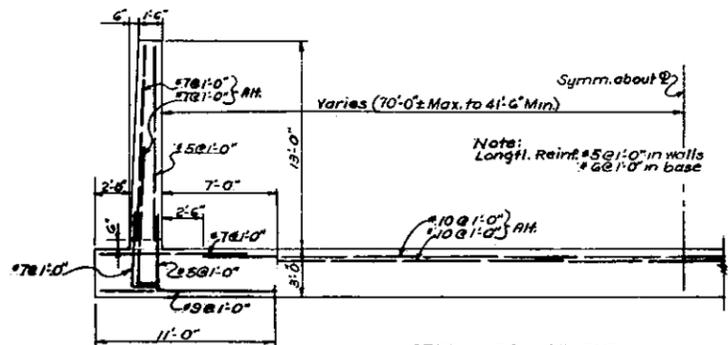
Case II

Same as Case I with Min. soil weight and active earth pressures.

Case III

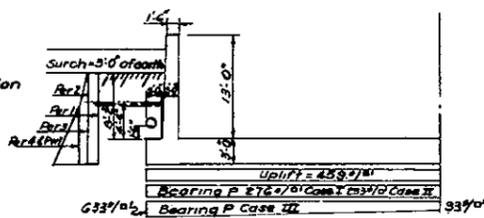
Same as Case I but treat base slab as a beam on elastic foundation with a foundation modulus of 50T.

TYPICAL CHANNEL SECTION

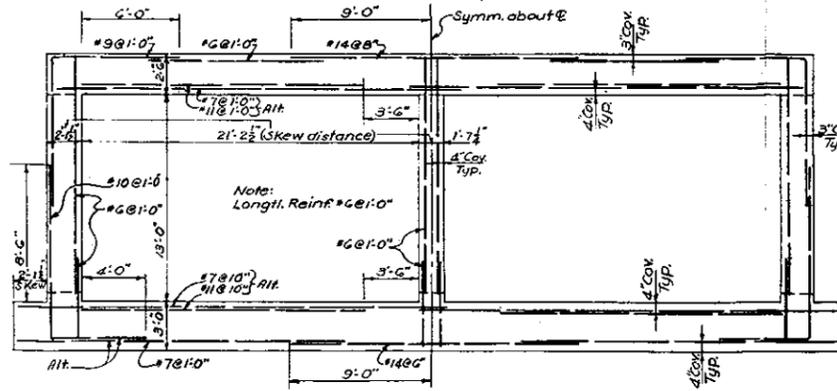


STEEL ARRANGEMENT
SCALE 1/4" = 1'-0"

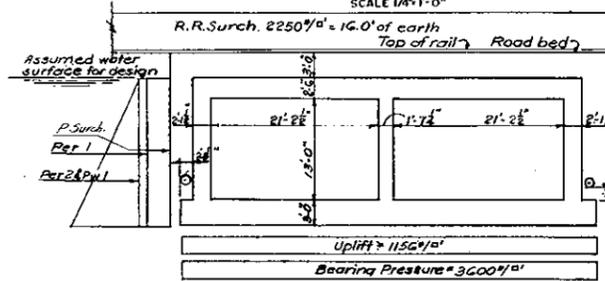
Note: Loading conditions are the same as for Typical Section.



LOADING DIAGRAM
TYPICAL INLET SECTION



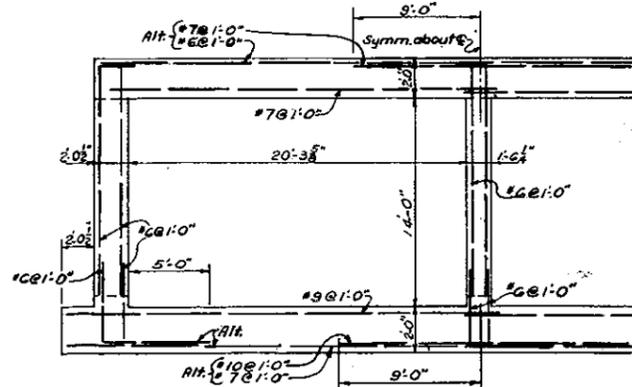
STEEL ARRANGEMENT
SCALE 1/4" = 1'-0"



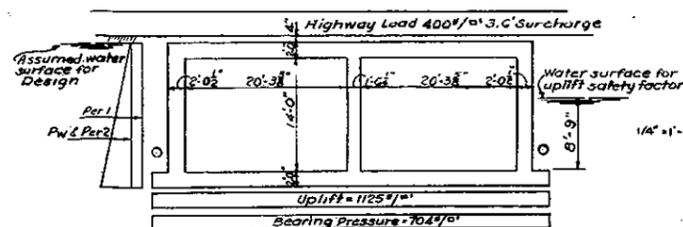
LOADING DIAGRAM

RAILROAD CULVERT
STA. 10 + 50 ±

Note: Design Section and Culvert Monoliths to be at 70° Angle to Channel Center Line.



STEEL ARRANGEMENT
SCALE 1/4" = 1'-0"



LOADING DIAGRAM
HIGHWAY CULVERT

Note: Design Section and Culvert Monoliths to be at 80° Angle to Channel Center Line.



GRAPHIC SCALES



REVISION	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEW ENGLAND DIVISION CORPS OF ENGINEERS WALTHAM, MASS.		
DES. BY NEW	DR. BY A.J.Z.	CK. BY [Signature]
SUBMITTED 2 2 1954		
CHIEF, STRUCT. SECTION		
APPROVAL RECOMMENDED:		
CHIEF, TECH. ENG. BRANCH		
REVIEWED:		
PROJECT ENGINEER		
APPROVAL RECOMMENDED:		
APPROVED:		
CHIEF, ENGINEERING DIVISION		
HOUSATONIC RIVER FLOOD CONTROL DANBURY CHANNEL IMPROVEMENT STRUCTURAL DETAILS AND LOADING DIAGRAMS HOUSATONIC AND NAUGATUCK RIVERS, CONNECTICUT		
SCALE AS SHOWN		SPEC. NO.
DRAWING NUMBER		DATE
HOU - 15		SHEET

APPENDIX

STRUCTURAL COMPUTATIONS

STRUCTURAL COMPUTATIONS

INDEX

<u>Item</u>	<u>Page</u>
Design Assumptions and Considerations	DM-1
Typical Channel Section - Case I	DM-2 to 3
Typical Channel Section - Case II	DM-4 to 5
Typical Channel Section - Case III	DM-6 to 7
Inlet Structure - Case I	DM-8 - 10
Inlet Structure - Case II	DM-11 - 12
Inlet Structure - Case III	DM-13 - 14
Railroad Culvert	DM-15 - 17
Highway Culvert	DM-18 - 21

SUBJECT Danbury Channel Improvement
COMPUTATION Design Values & Assumptions
COMPUTED BY H.E.W CHECKED BY _____ DATE Mar 69

Design Assumptions and Considerations

Soil conditions of the site are such that a variation in weights will be prevalent. The Section selected must have the capability to withstand both max. and min. values. Min weights of soil will produce the lowest safety factor for uplift. Max. weights with at rest pressure will produce largest steel requirements in the walls. Active pressure will produce max. steel requirements in the top of the base slab

Soil Values

Unit Weights of Fill (lbs per cu. ft.)

Saturated Condition	140 max	110 min
Submerged	78 "	48 min.

At Rest Co-efficient .50

Active Earth Coefficient .30

Subgrade Modulus (159 Ft. Plate)

Max 150 T/cuft Min 50 T/cu. ft.

The U Sections will be analyzed in the following manner

Case I - Rigid U section using max. soil weight with at rest coefficient of .50. Uplift safety factor found with vert. weight of earth on base projection and with wedge of earth using a tan. of int. friction of 25°. Channel assumed empty and ground water assumed drawn down 50% from ground surface to drain inlet

Case II - Same as Case I with min soil weight and active earth pressure

Case III - Same as Case I but treat base as a beam on elastic foundation with found mod = 50 T (Min found. mod. will give min requirements for steel at center of slab and max. values at ends)

27 Sept 49

SUBJECT Danbury Channel Improvement
 COMPUTATION Typical Channel Section
 COMPUTED BY H.E.W CHECKED BY _____ DATE M. C. 1969

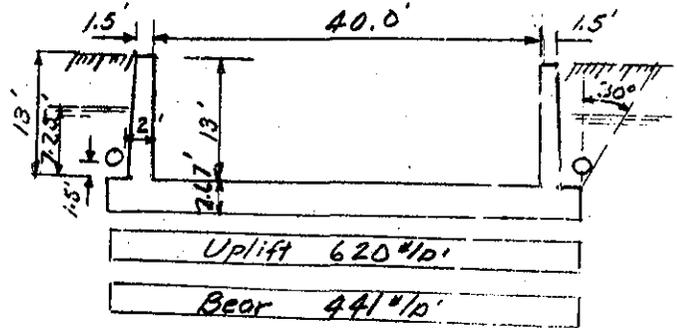
PROJECT TITLE -DANBURY LOCAL PROTECTION DATE -MARCH 1969

Case I Loading

STEP NO. 1 CHECK SECTION FOR FLOATATION AND FIND BASE PROJECTION

ENTER FOLLOWING DATA:

CHANNEL WIDTH = 40.0
 CHANNEL HEIGHT = 13.0
 BASE THICKNESS = 2.67
 WALL THICKNESS AT TOP = 1.5
 WALL THICKNESS AT BOTTOM = 2.0
 BASE PROJECTION (GUESS) = 2.0
 HEIGHT OF WATER OUTSIDE = 7.25
 HEIGHT OF WATER INSIDE = 0
 HEIGHT OF EARTH OUTSIDE = 13.0
 TAN. OF INTERNAL FRICTION = .4663
 "K" FACTOR = .5
 SATURATED WEIGHT OF EARTH = 140
 SURCHARGE = 3.0



BASE PROJECTION = 2.0
 UPLIFT F.S. (VERT. PROJECTION OF EARTH) = 1.15
 UPLIFT F.S. (INCLUDING WEDGE ACTION ON SIDES) = 1.46

STEP NO. 2 FIND MOMENTS AND END REACTIONS

STEM MOMENTS AT TOP OF BASE AND AT QUARTER POINTS

.....&02
&02
&02
&02

M AT TOP OF BASE = 45361.44 HORIZ REACT = 9466.28
 M AT 1/4 POINT = 21128.25
 M AT 1/2 " = 7642.40
 M AT 3/4 " = 1509.55

BASE SLAB MOMENTS AND REACTIONS

BEARING PRESSURE = 441.07
 UPLIFT PRESSURE = 620.00
 CANTILEVER M = 10455.23 V = 10455.23
 M AT INSIDE OF WALL STEM = -41872.43 V = 13211.57
 M AT CENTER LINE = 86043.34

SUBJECT Danbury Channel Improvement
COMPUTATION Typical Channel Section
COMPUTED BY H.E.W. CHECKED BY _____ DATE Mar 1969

STEP NO. 3 FIND REQ'D D, AS, AND UNIT SHEAR

F'C = 3000
FC = 1050
K = 152
-.....&02
-.....&02
-.....&02

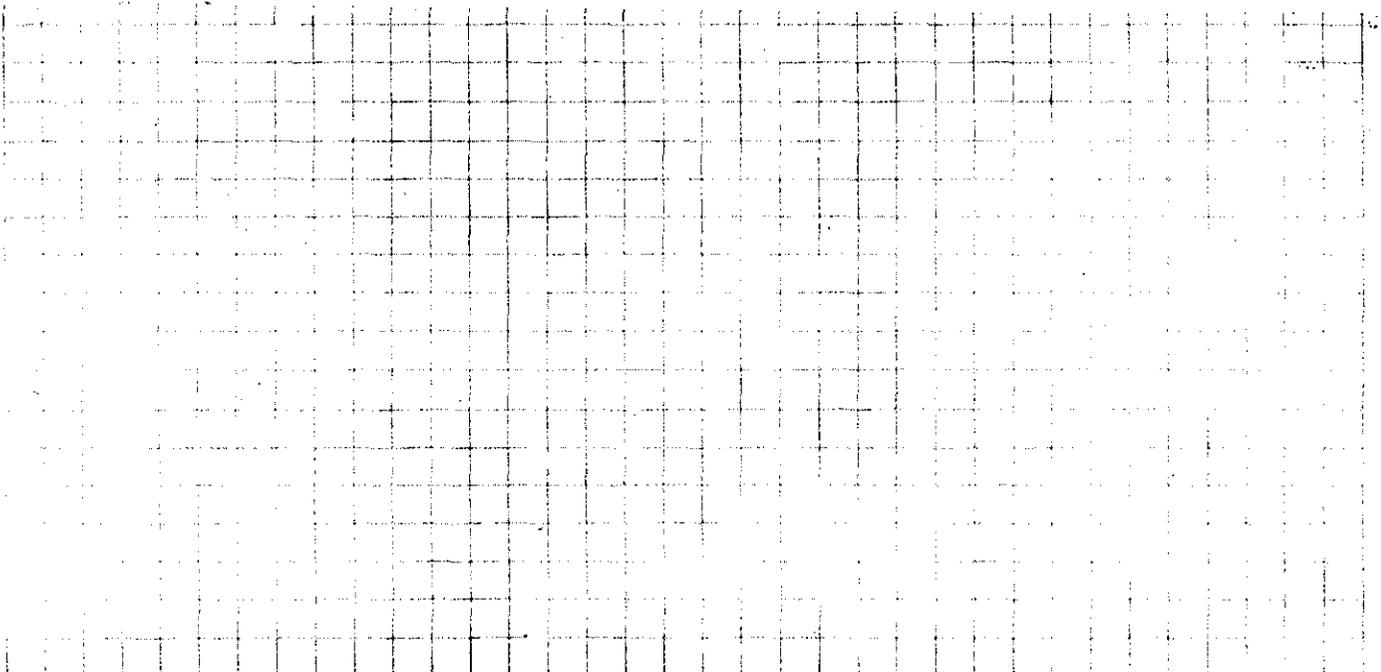
WALL STEM

TOP OF BASE	AS =	1.49	REQ'D D =	17.27	V =	43.18
1/4 POINT	AS =	.74				
1/2 "	AS =	.29				
3/4 "	AS =	.06				

BASE SLAB

-MS =	54616.76	+MS =	106931.01			
CANTILEVER	AS =	.25				
INDSIDE STEM	AS =	.72	REQ'D D =	18.95	V =	44.86
AT CENTER	AS =	2.00	" " =	26.52		

END



SUBJECT Danbury Channel Improvement
 COMPUTATION Typical Channel Section
 COMPUTED BY H. E. W CHECKED BY _____ DATE Mar. 1969

<u>Case II Loading</u>									
------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

STEP NO. 1 CHECK SECTION FOR FLOATATION AND FIND BASE PROJECTION

ENTER FOLLOWING DATA:

CHANNEL WIDTH = 40.0
 CHANNEL HEIGHT = 13.0
 BASE THICKNESS = 2.67
 WALL THICKNESS AT TOP = 1.5
 WALL THICKNESS AT BOTTOM = 2.0
 BASE PROJECTION (GUESS) = 2.0
 HEIGHT OF WATER OUTSIDE = 7.25
 HEIGHT OF WATER INSIDE = 0
 HEIGHT OF EARTH OUTSIDE = 13.0
 TAN. OF INTERNAL FRICTION = .4663
 "K" FACTOR = .30
 SATURATED WEIGHT OF EARTH = 110
 SURCHARGE = 3.0

BASE PROJECTION = 2.0
 UPLIFT F.S. (VERT. PROJECTION OF EARTH) = 1.09
 UPLIFT F.S. (INCLUDING WEDGE ACTION ON SIDES) = 1.33

STEP NO. 2 FIND MOMENTS AND END REACTIONS

STEM MOMENTS AT TOP OF BASE AND AT QUARTER POINTS

.....&02
&02
&02
&02

M AT TOP OF BASE = 23227.69 HORIZ REACT = 5225.30
 M AT 1/4 POINT = 10269.98
 M AT 1/2 " = 3604.88
 M AT 3/4 " = 711.64

BASE SLAB MOMENTS AND REACTIONS

BEARING PRESSURE = 323.15
 UPLIFT PRESSURE = 620.00
 CANTILEVER M = 8003.43 V = 8003.43
 M AT INSIDE OF WALL STEM = -13848.69 V = 10853.12
 M AT CENTER LINE = 91382.56

27 Sept 49

SUBJECT Danbury Channel Improvement

COMPUTATION Typical Channel Section

COMPUTED BY H. E. W. CHECKED BY _____ DATE Mar 1969



STEP NO. 3 FIND REQ'D D, AS, AND UNIT SHEAR

F'C = 3000

FC = 1050

K = 152

.....&02

.....&02

.....&02

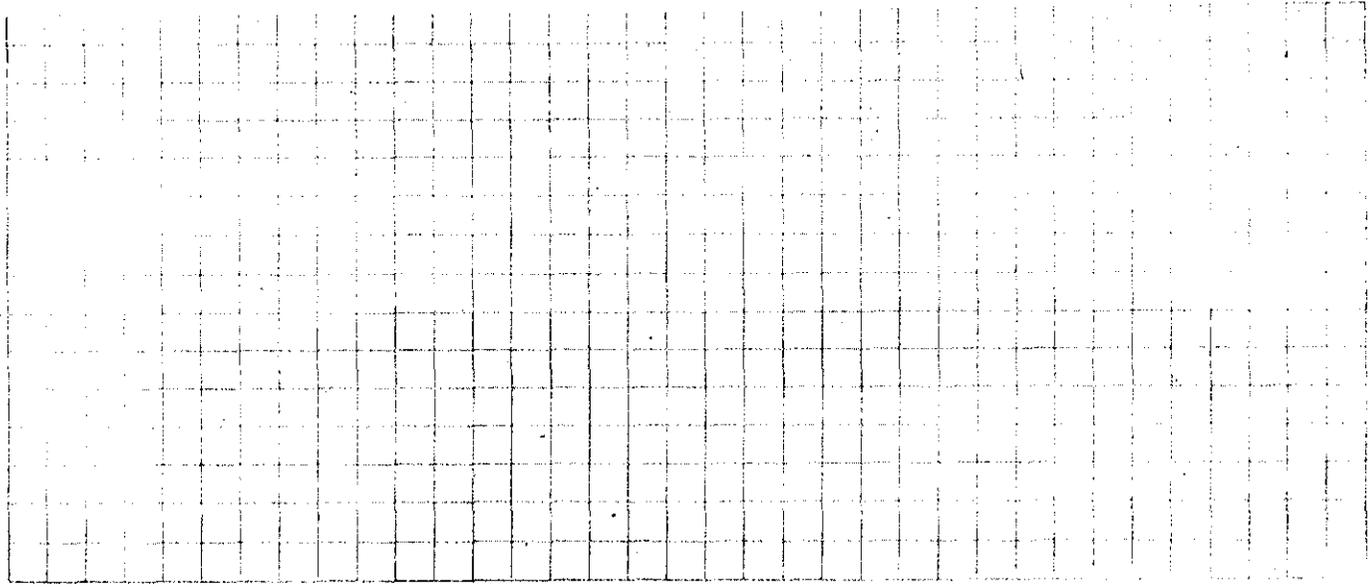
WALL STEM

TOP OF BASE	AS =	.76	REQ'D D =	12.36	V =	23.83
1/4 POINT	AS =	.36				
1/2 "	AS =	.13				
3/4 "	AS =	.29				

BASE SLAB

-MS =	21346.37	+MS =	103671.10			
CANTILEVER	AS =	.19				
INDSIDE STEM	AS =	.16	REQ'D D =	11.85	V =	36.85
AT CENTER	AS =	2.17	" "	" "	=	26.11

END



SUBJECT

Danbury - Channel Improvement

PUTATION

Typical Channel Section

COMPUTED BY

H.E.W.

CHECKED BY

DATE

Mar 1969

Determination of loads for application to Beam on Elastic Foundation Program

Loads can be determined by using Moments and shears found in Case I

Moment from lateral pressure on side wall

Mat top of base = 45361.45 H React = 9466.3

$$\frac{45361.44}{9466.28} = 4.79'$$

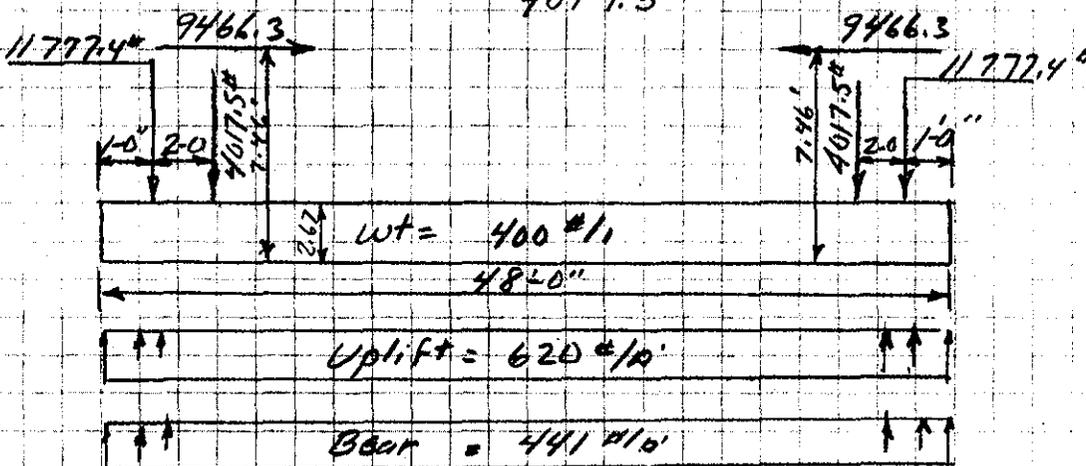
A Force of 9466.28 applied 4.79' above top of base

Force application on cantilever projection

Net shear at face =	10455.3
Wt base 2x400	- 800.0
Uplift 2x620	+ 1240.0
Bearing 2x441.07	+ 882.1
	<u>11777.4 #</u>

Wt. of sidewall + earth + surch

1.75 x 13 x 150	=	3412.5
.5 x 13 x .5 x 140	=	455.0
300 x .5	=	150.0
		<u>4017.5 #</u>



Case III Loading

NED FORM 223
27 Sept 49

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

CORPS OF ENGINEERS, U. S. ARMY

PAGE DN7

SUBJECT Danbury Channel Improvement
COMPUTATION Typical Channel Section
COMPUTED BY H.E.W CHECKED BY _____ DATE Mar. 1969

Case III (Base slab as a Beam on Elastic Found.)

DANBURY - CONN.		6 MARCH 1969						
CHANNEL	STRUCT.	U SHAPED INLET			1 FT WIDTH			
11777.40	4017.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
0.00	4017.50	11777.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
0.00	0.00							
47.00	45.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
0.00	3.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
0.00	0.00							
0.00	0.00	150.00	1.00	48.00	0.00	0.00		
0.00	0.00	2.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
441.00	441.00	620.00	620.00	-9466.30	7.46	0.00		
0.00	0.00	0.00	100000.00	3000.00	152.00	1450.00		
SECT. FT	SHEAR LB	MOMENT FT LB	SBP PLF	DREQ IN	DGIV IN	V PSI	REINF	
48.00	0.	-70618.	-779.	21.55	27.54	0.00	-1.76	
45.60	9517.	-56842.	-722.	19.33	27.54	28.79	-1.42	
43.20	10649.	-30719.	-648.	14.21	27.54	32.22	-0.76	
40.80	8770.	-7410.	-564.	6.98	27.54	26.53	-0.18	
38.40	7098.	11632.	-478.	8.74	28.54	20.72	0.28	
36.00	5622.	26898.	-395.	13.30	28.54	16.41	0.64	
33.60	4323.	30833.	-322.	15.98	28.54	12.52	0.93	
31.20	3171.	47827.	-260.	17.73	28.54	9.25	1.15	
28.80	2129.	54188.	-214.	18.88	28.54	6.21	1.30	
26.40	1157.	58132.	-185.	19.55	28.54	3.37	1.40	
24.00	210.	59774.	-174.	19.83	28.54	0.61	1.44	
21.60	-754.	59121.	-182.	19.72	28.54	-2.20	1.42	
19.20	-1784.	56074.	-209.	19.20	28.54	-5.21	1.35	
16.80	-2920.	50427.	-253.	18.21	28.54	-8.52	1.21	
14.40	-4200.	41881.	-313.	16.59	28.54	-12.26	1.01	
12.00	-5656.	30052.	-386.	14.06	28.54	-16.51	0.72	
9.60	-7310.	14492.	-469.	9.76	28.54	-21.34	0.35	
7.20	-9174.	-5289.	-557.	5.89	27.54	-27.76	-0.13	
4.80	-11243.	-29791.	-643.	13.99	27.54	-34.02	-0.74	
2.40	-9377.	-57010.	-720.	19.36	27.54	-28.37	-1.42	
0.00	0.	-70618.	-779.	21.55	27.54	0.00	-1.76	
UNBALANCED LD. RIGHT,			104.					
UNBALANCED LD. LEFT,			-804.					

27 Sept 49

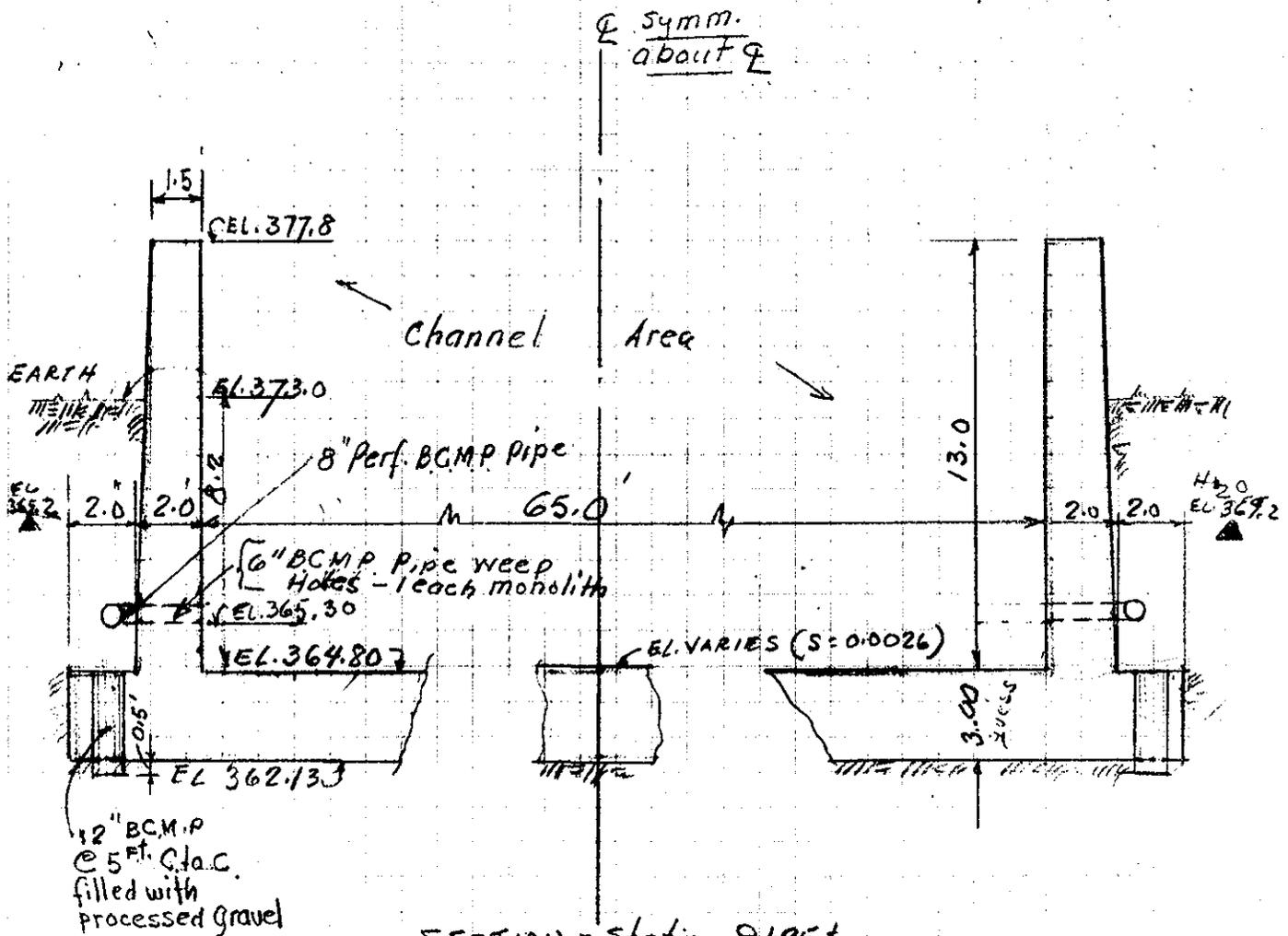
CORPS OF ENGINEERS, U. S. ARMY

SUBJECT: DANBURY CHANNEL IMPROVEMENT

COMPUTATION: INLET STRUCTURE - SECTION STATION 9+25±

COMPUTED BY: [Signature] CHECKED BY: _____ DATE: Feb. 1964

SECTION TAKEN @ station 9+25±



SECTION - station 9+25±

3/16 = 1'-0"

SUBJECT Danbury Channel Improvement
COMPUTATION Typical Section Thru Intake Structure
COMPUTED BY H.E.W CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____

PROJECT TITLE -DANBURY LOCAL PROTECTION DATE -MARCH 1969

STEP NO. 1 CHECK SECTION FOR FLOATATION AND FIND BASE PROJECTION

ENTER FOLLOWING DATA:

CHANNEL WIDTH	=65.0
CHANNEL HEIGHT	=13.0
BASE THICKNESS	=3.0
WALL THICKNESS AT TOP	=1.5
WALL THICKNESS AT BOTTOM	=2.0
BASE PROJECTION (GUESS)	=2.0
HEIGHT OF WATER OUTSIDE	=4.35
HEIGHT OF WATER INSIDE	=0
HEIGHT OF EARTH OUTSIDE	=8.17
TAN. OF INTERNAL FRICTION	=.4663
"K" FACTOR	=.5
SATURATED WEIGHT OF EARTH	=140
SURCHARGE	=3.0

BASE PROJECTION	=	2.0
UPLIFT F.S. (VERT. PROJECTION OF EARTH)	=	1.33
UPLIFT F.S. (INCLUDING WEDGE ACTION ON SIDES)	=	1.44

STEP NO. 2 FIND MOMENTS AND END REACTIONS

STEM MOMENTS AT TOP OF BASE AND AT QUARTER POINTS

.....&02
.....&02
.....&02
.....&02

M AT TOP OF BASE =	34202.73	HORIZ REACT =	4347.57
M AT 1/4 POINT =	11974.26		
M AT 1/2 " =	347.17		
M AT 3/4 " =	216.10		

BASE SLAB MOMENTS AND REACTIONS

BEARING PRESSURE	=	276.45	
UPLIFT PRESSURE	=	459.37	
CANTILEVER M	=	6059.01	V = 6059.01
M AT INSIDE OF WALL STEM	=	-24071.65	V = 9289.55
M AT CENTER LINE	=	123511.46	

SUBJECT Danbury Channel Improvement
COMPUTATION Typical Section Thru Intake Structure
COMPUTED BY H.EW CHECKED BY _____ DATE Mar 1969

STEP NO. 3 FIND REQ'D D, AS, AND UNIT SHEAR

F'C = 3000
FC = 1050
K = 152
-.....&02
-.....&02
-.....&02

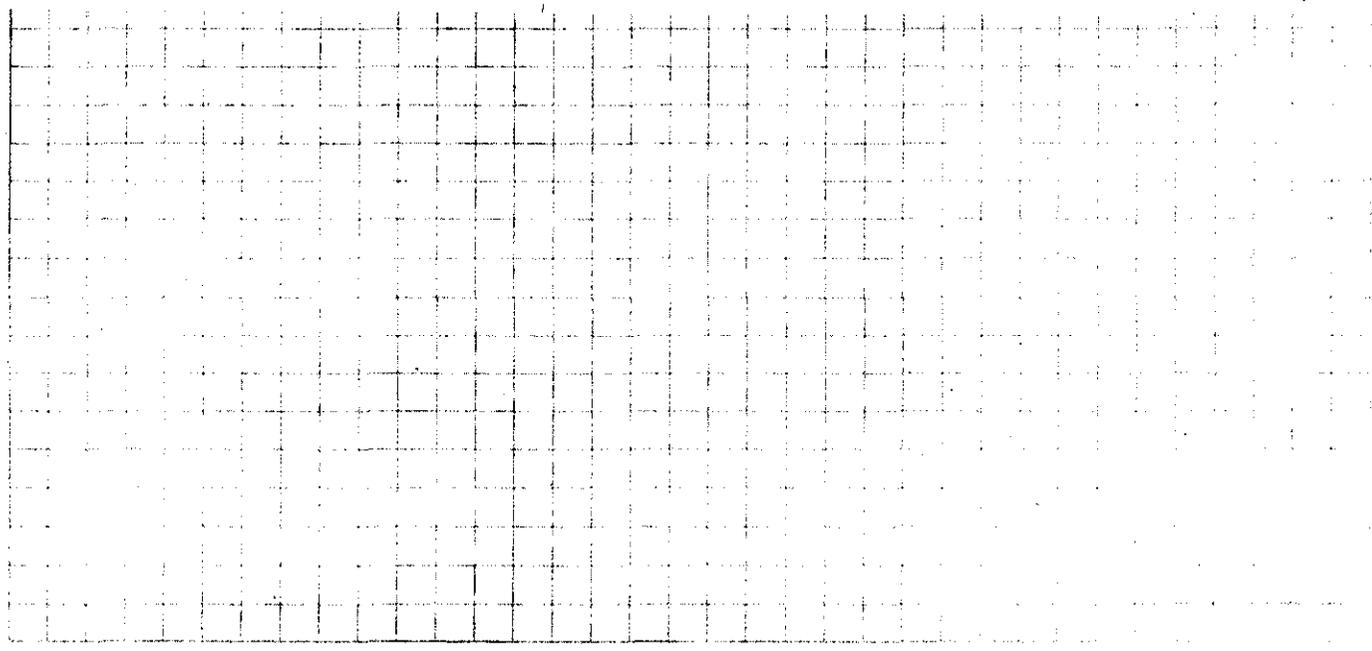
WALL STEM

TOP OF BASE AS = 1.12 REQ'D D = 15.00 V = 19.83
1/4 POINT AS = .42
1/2 " AS = .01 .13
3/4 " AS = .01 .09

BASE SLAB

-MS = 32233.35 +MS = 136176.17
CANTILEVER AS = .12
INDSIDE STEM AS = .35 REQ'D D = 14.56 V = 27.58
AT CENTER AS = 2.57 " " = 29.93

END



SUBJECT Danbury Channel Improvement
COMPUTATION Typical Section Thru Inlet Structure
COMPUTED BY H.E.W. CHECKED BY _____ DATE Mar 1969
Case II

PROJECT TITLE -DANBURY LOCAL PROTECTION DATE -MARCH 1969

STEP NO. 1 CHECK SECTION FOR FLOATATION AND FIND BASE PROJECTION

ENTER FOLLOWING DATA:

CHANNEL WIDTH	=65.0
CHANNEL HEIGHT	=13.0
BASE THICKNESS	=3.0
WALL THICKNESS AT TOP	=1.5
WALL THICKNESS AT BOTTOM	=2.0
BASE PROJECTION (GUESS)	=2.0
HEIGHT OF WATER OUTSIDE	=4.35
HEIGHT OF WATER INSIDE	=0
HEIGHT OF EARTH OUTSIDE	=8.17
TAN. OF INTERNAL FRICTION	=.4663
"K" FACTOR	=.33
SATURATED WEIGHT OF EARTH	=110.0
SURCHARGE	=3.0

BASE PROJECTION	=	2.0
UPLIFT F.S. (VERT. PROJECTION OF EARTH)	=	1.29
UPLIFT F.S. (INCLUDING WEDGE ACTION ON SIDES)	=	1.38

STEP NO. 2 FIND MOMENTS AND END REACTIONS

STEM MOMENTS AT TOP OF BASE AND AT QUARTER POINTS

.....&02
.....&02
.....&02
.....&02

M AT TOP OF BASE =	21046.31	HORIZ REACT =	2497.39
M AT 1/4 POINT =	7101.65		
M AT 1/2 " =	180.03		
M AT 3/4 " =	112.06		

BASE SLAB MOMENTS AND REACTIONS

BEARING PRESSURE	=	233.62		
UPLIFT PRESSURE	=	459.37		
CANTILEVER M	=	4664.73	V =	4664.73
M AT INSIDE OF WALL STEM	=	-8215.71	V =	1897.43
M AT CENTER LINE	=	117468.09		

27 Sept 49

SUBJECT Danbury Channel Improvement

COMPUTATION Typical Section Thru Inlet Structure

COMPUTED BY H.E.W CHECKED BY _____ DATE Mar 1969



STEP NO. 3 FIND REQ'D D, AS, AND UNIF SHEAR

F'C = 3000

FC = 1050

K = 152

-.....&02

-...0.....&0

-.....&02

WALL STEM

TOP OF BASE AS = .69 REQ'D D = 11.76 V = 11.39

1/4 POINT AS = .25

1/2 " AS = &01 .06

3/4 " AS = &02 .47

BASE SLAB

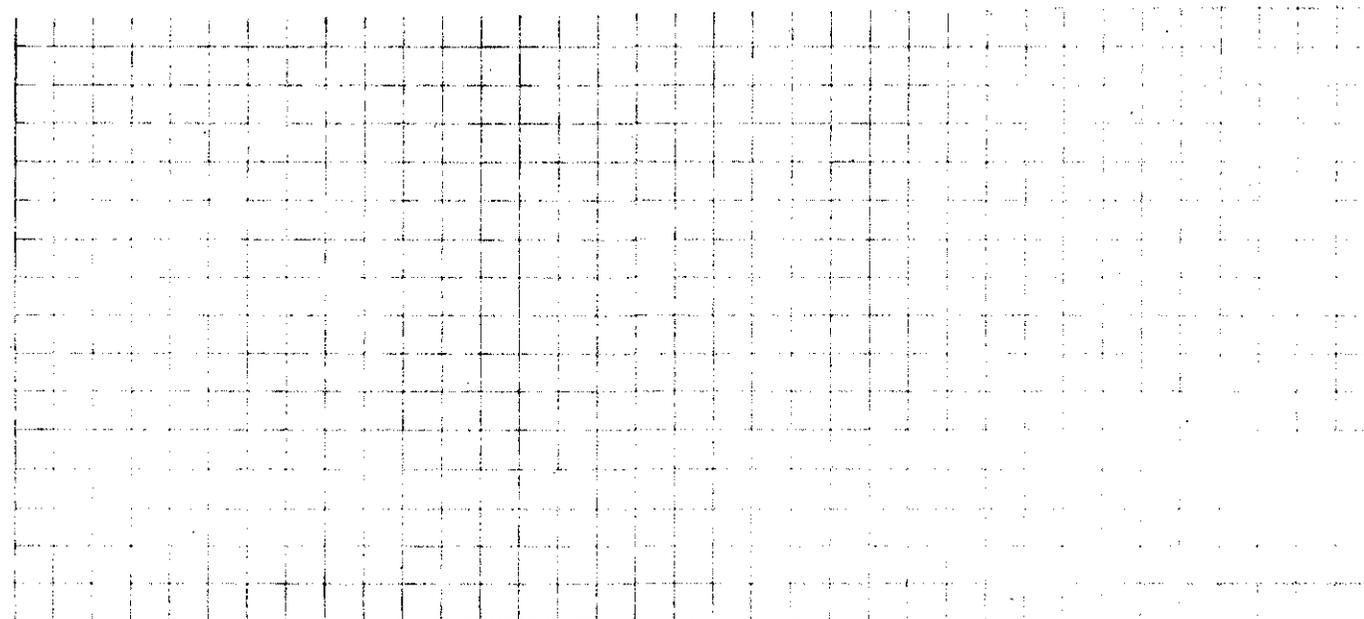
-MS = 13285.96 +MS = 125335.72

CANTILEVER AS = .09

INSIDE STEM AS = .07 REQ'D D = 9.34 V = 23.44

AT CENTER AS = 2.46 " " = 28.71

END



SUBJECT Danbury Channel Improvement
 COMPUTATION Typical Channel Section
 COMPUTED BY H.E.W. CHECKED BY _____ DATE Mar 1969

Determination of loads for application
 to Beam on Elastic Foundation Program

Moment from lateral pressure on sidewall

$$M \text{ at top of base} = 34202.73 \quad H \text{ Result} = 4347.57$$

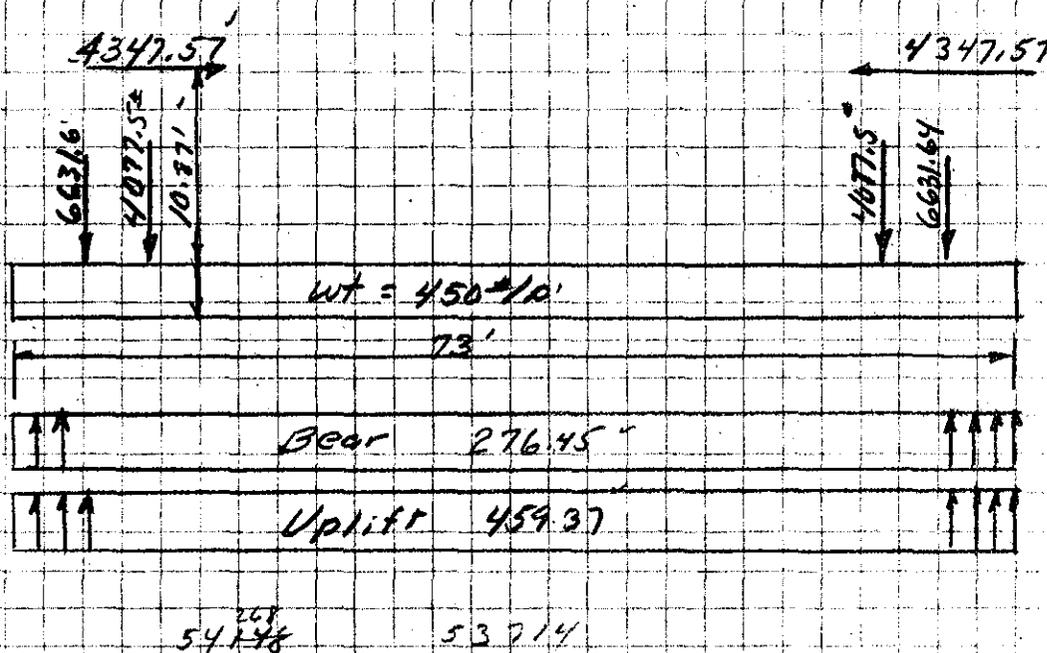
$$\frac{34202.73}{4347.57} = 7.87'$$

A force of 4347.57 applied 7.87' above top of base

Force application on cantilever projection

Net shear at face	= +	6059.01
Wt of base 2x450	= -	900.00
Uplift 2x459.37	= +	918.74
Bearing 2x276.45	= +	553.90
		<u>6631.67</u>

Wt. of Sidewall plus earth plus sarch = 4077.5*



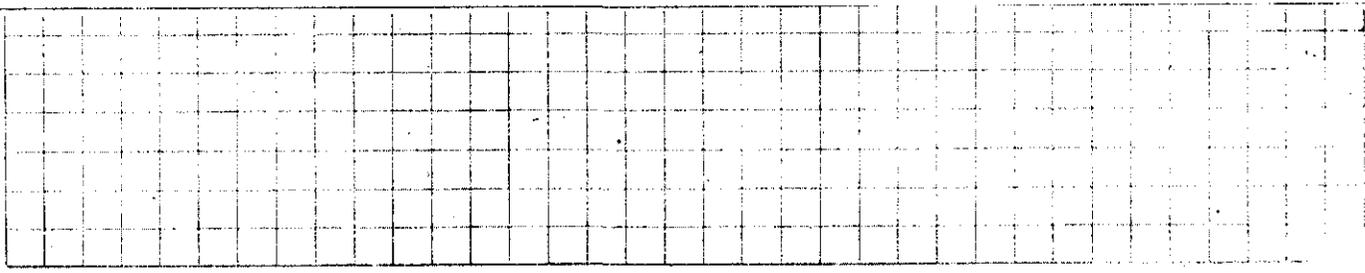
SUBJECT Danbury Channel Improvement
 COMPUTATION Typical Section Thru Intake
 COMPUTED BY H.E.W. CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____

Case III Loading

DANBURY - CONN. 24 MARCH 1969

CHANNEL STRUCT. U SHAPED INLET 1 FT WIDTH 73 FT BASE

6631.60	4077.50	0.00	0.00	0.00			
0.00	4077.50	6631.60	0.00	0.00			
0.00	0.00						
72.00	69.85	0.00	0.00	0.00			
0.00	3.15	1.00	0.00	0.00			
0.00	0.00						
0.00	0.00	150.00	1.00	73.00	0.00	0.00	
0.00	0.00	3.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
276.45	276.45	459.37	459.37	-4347.57	10.87	0.00	
0.00	0.00	0.00	100000.00	3000.00	152.00	1450.00	
SECT. FT	SHEAR LB	MOMENT FT LB	SBP PLF	DREQ IN	DGIV IN	V PSI	REINF
73.00	0.	-47258.	-623.	17.63	31.50	0.00	-1.03
69.35	7183.	-32103.	-551.	14.53	31.50	19.00	-0.70
65.70	5443.	-9059.	-470.	7.72	31.50	14.40	-0.19
62.05	4007.	8188.	-385.	7.33	32.50	10.27	0.17
58.40	2867.	20735.	-303.	11.67	32.50	7.35	0.44
54.75	1996.	29610.	-228.	13.95	32.50	5.11	0.62
51.10	1359.	35735.	-163.	15.33	32.50	3.48	0.75
47.45	915.	39888.	-109.	16.19	32.50	2.34	0.84
43.80	615.	42681.	-69.	16.75	32.50	1.57	0.90
40.15	407.	44547.	-44.	17.11	32.50	1.04	0.94
36.50	238.	45725.	-33.	17.34	32.50	0.61	0.97
32.85	53.	46259.	-38.	17.44	32.50	0.13	0.98
29.20	-203.	45986.	-58.	17.39	32.50	-0.52	0.97
25.55	-587.	44542.	-93.	17.11	32.50	-1.50	0.94
21.90	-1153.	41364.	-143.	16.49	32.50	-2.95	0.87
18.25	-1950.	35700.	-208.	15.32	32.50	-5.00	0.75
14.60	-3020.	26627.	-284.	13.23	32.50	-7.74	0.56
10.95	-4397.	13089.	-369.	9.27	32.50	-11.27	0.27
7.30	-6095.	-6059.	-458.	6.31	31.50	-16.12	-0.13
3.65	-8108.	-31981.	-546.	14.50	31.50	-21.45	-0.70
0.00	0.	-47258.	-623.	17.63	31.50	0.00	-1.03
UNBALANCED LD. RIGHT,			-309.				
UNBALANCED LD. LEFT,			-1491.				



27 Sept 49

CORPS OF ENGINEERS, U.S. ARMY

SUBJECT: DANBURY - CHANNEL IMPROVEMENT

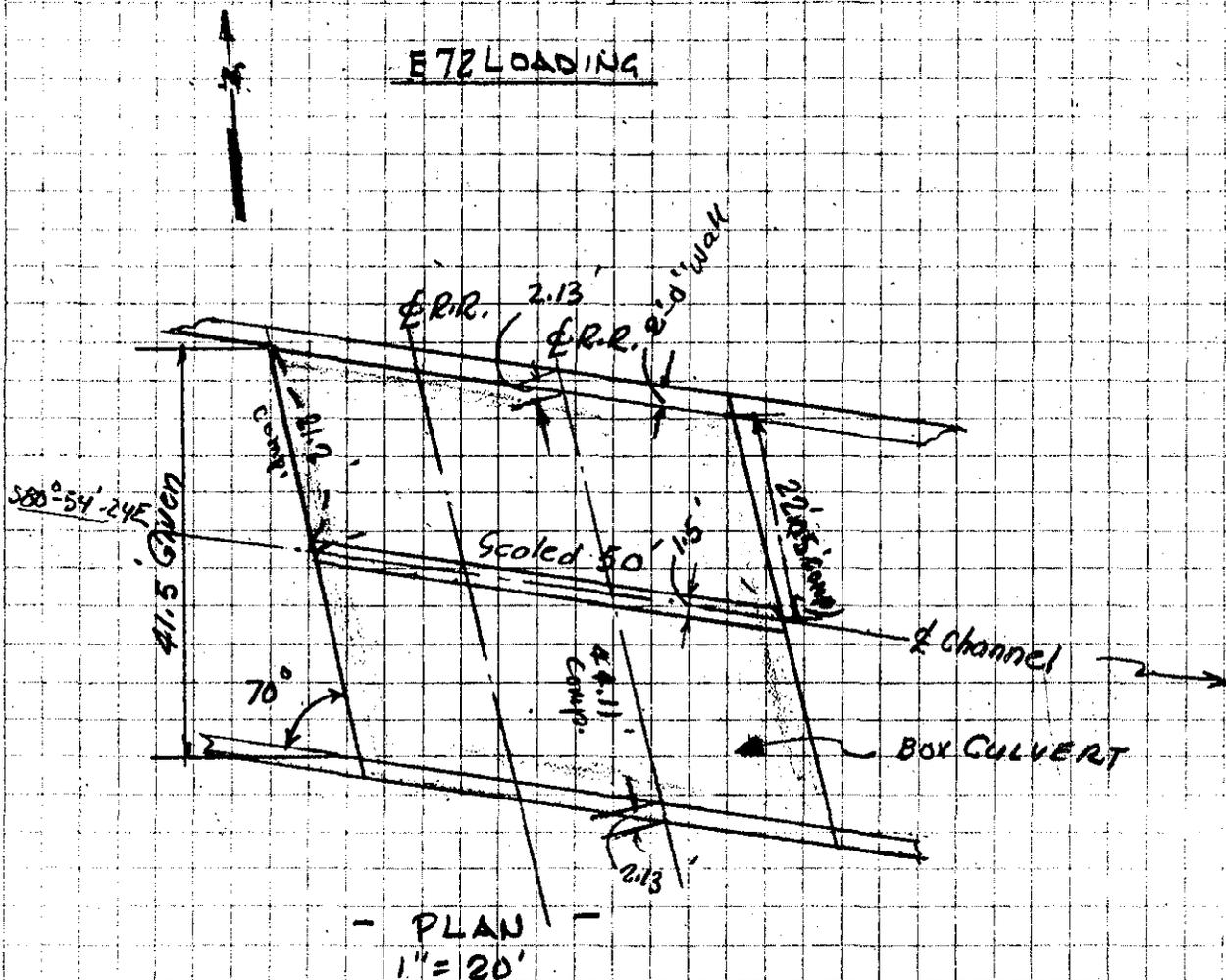
COMPUTATION: RAILROAD BRIDGE REPLACEMENT = CONCRETE BOX CULVERT Sta 10+50+

COMPUTED BY: EJM

CHECKED BY: _____

DATE: Feb. 19 69

RE: PLAN and PROFILE Sta 9+20 to 22+00



RE: AREA HANDBOOK

FROM GRAPH E72 LOADING PAGE 8-16-5

FOR UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOAD = L.L. + D.L. + IMPACT = 2250 psf
(CONSIDERING FILL TOP OF R.R. TIES TO TOP OF CULVERT = 3')

$$\frac{2250}{140} = 16' \text{ surcharge}$$

Critical condition will occur with R.R. loading and max soil weights. Box culvert program assumes water to conduit roof or higher. U channel section assumed water 7.25' above base slab. The higher ground water assumption is on the conservative side and would have only minor effect on steel requirements.

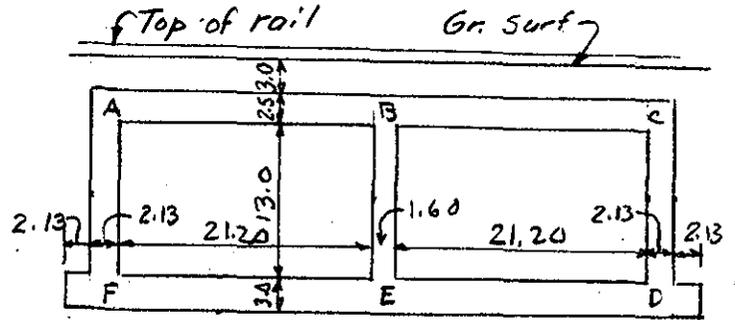
SUBJECT Danbury Channel Improvement
COMPUTATION R.R. Culvert - Sta 10+50±
COMPUTED BY H.E.W. CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____

PROJECT TITLE - DANBURY LOCAL PROTECTION DATE - MARCH 1969

STEP NO. 1 - CHECK CONDUIT FOR FLOATATION AND FIND REQ. BASE PROJECTION

ENTER FOLLOWING DATA

INSIDE WIDTH = 21.20
INSIDE HEIGHT = 13.0
DIVIDING WALL THICKNESS = 1.60
OUTSIDE WALL THICKNESS = 2.13
BASE THICKNESS = 3.0
ROOF THICKNESS = 2.5
BASE PROJECTION = 2.13
HT. OF EARTH ON ROOF = 3.0
HT. OF WATER ABOVE ROOF = 0
WT. OF EARTH SATURATED = 140
TANGENT OF INT. FRICTION = .4663
HT. OF WATER IN CONDUIT = 0
SURCHARGE (FEET) = 16.0
K FACTOR = .50



BASE PROJECTION = 2.13
UPLIFT F.S. (VERT. PROJ. OF EARTH) = 1.39
UPLIFT F.S. (INCLUDING WEDGE ACTION ON SIDES) = 1.64

STEP NO. 2 - FIND FIXED END MOMENTS AND STIFFNESS RATIOS

MEMBER AB FEM @ A = 134550.20 @ B = -134550.20
" " STIFFNESS RATIO @ A = .52 @ B = .41
MEMBER AF FEM @ A = -43295.94 @ F = 49888.98
" " STIFFNESS RATIO @ A = .47 @ F = .34
MEMBER FE FEM @ F = -190932.40 @ E = 190932.40
" " STIFFNESS RATIO @ F = .65 @ E = .45
CANTILEVER MOMENT @ F = -25577.42

BEARING PRESSURE = 3600.54

STEP NO. 3 - DISTRIBUTE MOMENTS, FIND REACTIONS AND POSITIVE MOMENTS.

-----&02

MEMBER AB FINAL MOMENT AT A = 68956.70 AT B = -167334.66
END REACTION AT A = 30735.88 AT B = 39266.38
X0 FROM END AT A = 10.12 + M = 86676.71
MEMBER AF FINAL MOMENT AT A = -68955.70 AT F = 87706.95
END REACTION AT A = 14465.92 AT F = 21033.09
X0 FROM END AT A = 7.81 + M = -8438.02

27 Sept 49

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

CORPS OF ENGINEERS, U. S. ARMY

SUBJECT Danbury Channel Improvement

COMPUTATION R.R. Culvert - Sta 10+50

COMPUTED BY H.E.W CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____

MEMBER FE FINAL MOMENT AT F = -62128.53 AT E = 255322.13
 END REACTION AT F = 41292.03 AT E = 58044.13
 XO FROM END AT F = 9.58 + M = 135818.33

STEP NO. 4 - FIND -M AT FACE OF SUPPORTS AND MS MOMENTS

MEMBER AB -M AT A = 48281.67 AT B = -147040.06
 -MS AT A = 62144.86 AT B = -160903.24 +MS = 99334.40

MEMBER AF -M AT A = -57675.86 AT F = 68933.82
 -MS AT A = -81444.95 AT F = 100866.33 +MS = 12769.74

MEMBER FE -M AT F = -34439.48 AT E = 225284.04
 -MS AT F = -58101.71 AT E = 248946.27 +MS = 159480.56

STEP NO. 5 - FIND REQ'D D AND AREA OF STEEL

ALLOWABLE STRESSES: F'C = 4000
 FC = 1300
 FS = 20000

.....&02
&02
&02
&02
&02
&02

MEMBER AB REQ'D D AT A = 13.84 AT B = 22.28
 -AS AT A = .91 AT B = 3.51 +AS = 1.99

MEMBER AF REQ'D D AT A = 15.85 AT F = 17.64
 -AS AT A = 1.03 AT F = 1.12 +AS = -1.11

MEMBER FE REQ'D D AT F = 13.39 AT E = 27.71
 -AS AT F = .23 AT E = 4.46 +AS = 2.48

CANTILEVER AS = -.56

STEP NO. 6 - CHECK SHEAR SF IN ROOF AND BASE SLAB

.....&02
&02

MEMBER AB FS AT A = 3.20 AT B = 3.20
 SFS ALLOW = 2.5

.....&02
&02

MEMBER FE FS AT F = 2.77 AT E = 2.77
 SFS ALLOW = 2.5



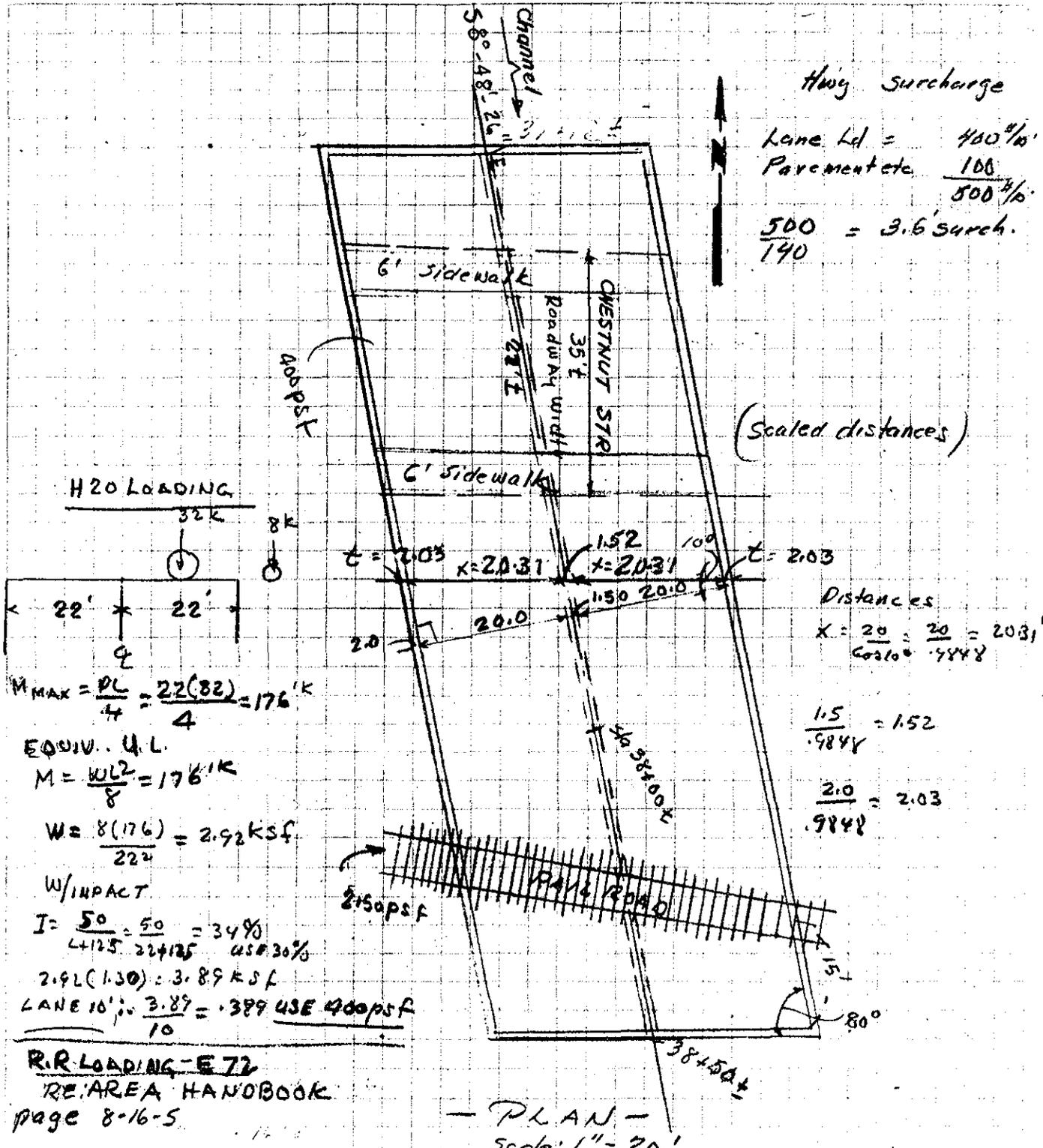
SUBJECT: DANBURY - CHANNEL IMPROVEMENT

COMPUTATION: Station 38+00± - RAILROAD & STREET CROSSING

COMPUTED BY: EXM

CHECKED BY: _____

DATE: Feb 1969



Hwy surcharge

Lane Ld = 400 #/ft

Pavement etc. 100

500 #/ft

500 / 140 = 3.6 surch.

(Scaled distances)

H2O LOADING

32k

8k

22' x 22'

$M_{MAX} = \frac{PL}{4} = \frac{22(82)}{4} = 176'k$

EQUIV. U.L.

$M = \frac{WL^2}{8} = 176'k$

$W = \frac{8(176)}{22^2} = 2.92 \text{ ksf}$

W/IMPACT

$I = \frac{50}{4+125} = \frac{50}{129} = 34\%$

2.92(1.30) = 3.89 ksf

LANE 10' @ 3.89 = 38.9 USE 400psf

Distances

$X = \frac{20}{\cos 21^\circ} = \frac{20}{.9848} = 20.31'$

$\frac{1.5}{.9848} = 1.52$

$\frac{2.0}{.9848} = 2.03$

R.R. LOADING - E72

RE: AREA HANDBOOK

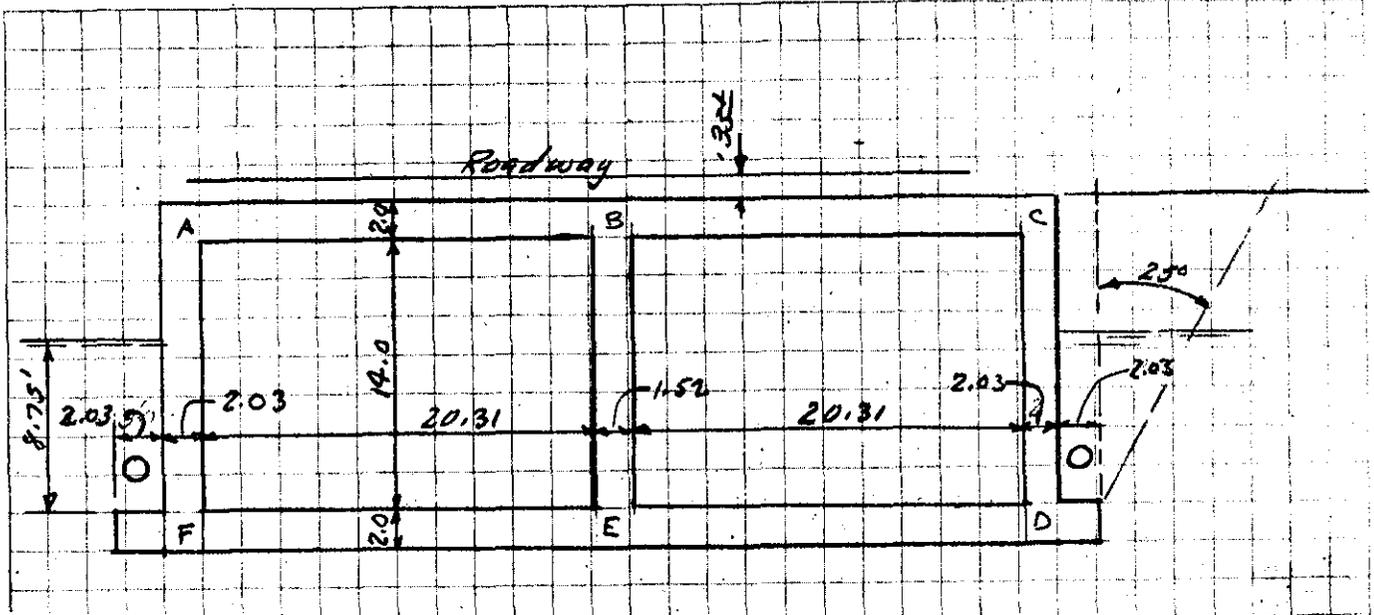
page 8-16-5

D.L + LL + IMPACT

Fill 1.5' TO BOT OF RAIL

GRAPH: 2125 #/ft say 2150 #/ft

SUBJECT Danbury Channel Improvement
COMPUTATION Highway Culvert Sta.
COMPUTED BY H.E.W. CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____



STEP NO. 1 - CHECK CONDUIT FOR FLOATATION AND FIND REQ. BASE PROJECTION

ENTER FOLLOWING DATA

INSIDE WIDTH = 20.31
INSIDE HEIGHT = 14.0
DIVIDING WALL THICKNESS = 1.52
OUTSIDE WALL THICKNESS = 2.03
BASE THICKNESS = 2.0
ROOF THICKNESS = 2.0
BASE PROJECTION = 2.03
HT. OF EARTH ON ROOF = 0
HT. OF WATER ABOVE ROOF = 0
WT. OF EARTH SATURATED = 140
TANGENT OF INT. FRICTION = .4663
HT. OF WATER IN CONDUIT = 0
SURCHARGE (FEET) = 3.6
K FACTOR = .50

(USE 110 for uplift safety factor)

Check Using Vert Proj of earth		↓	↑	
Roof	2 x 46.27 x 150	13881		S.F. = $\frac{49234}{33815} = 1.46$ Adequate S.F.
Out walls	2 x 2.03 x 14 x 150	8526		
Int wall	1.52 x 14 x 150	3339		
Base	2 x 50.33 x 150	15099		
Ex.	2 x 2.03 x 140 x 14	6252		
Roadway	33 x 140 x 46.27	2137		
Uplift	10.75 x 62.5 x 50.33		33815	
		49234		

27 Sept 49

SUBJECT Danbury Channel Improvement
 COMPUTATION Highway Culvert
 COMPUTED BY H.E.W. CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____

Note: The following steps accomplished in the computer program. This program assumes ground water to top of roof slab. This is a more severe loading but is considered to have only minor effect on steel requirements

STEP NO. 2 - FIND FIXED END MOMENTS AND STIFFNESS RATIOS

MEMBER AB FEM @A = 32782.72 @B = -32782.72
 " " STIFFNESS RATIO @ A = .40 @ B = .37
 MEMBER AF FEM @A = -21360.00 @F = 28272.00
 " " STIFFNESS RATIO @ A = .59 @ F = .59
 MEMBER FE FEM @F = -62363.72 @E = 62363.72
 " " STIFFNESS RATIO @ F = .40 @ E = .37
 CANTILEVER MOMENT @ F = -10396.05
 BEARING PRESSURE = 704.47

STEP NO. 3 - DISTRIBUTE MOMENTS, FIND REACTIONS AND POSITIVE MOMENTS.

-----&02

MEMBER AB FINAL MOMENT AT A = 21781.88 AT B = -38262.83
 END REACTION AT A = 8147.16 AT B = 9637.31
 XO FROM END AT A = 10.13 + M = 19496.95
 MEMBER AF FINAL MOMENT AT A = -21780.88 AT F = 51330.44
 END REACTION AT A = 5299.15 AT F = 13312.84
 XO FROM END AT A = 7.32 + M = 926.15
 MEMBER FE FINAL MOMENT AT F = -40933.39 AT E = 73073.42
 END REACTION AT F = 15463.03 AT E = 18369.00
 XO FROM END AT F = 10.11 + M = 37232.35

STEP NO. 4 - FIND -M AT FACE OF SUPPORTS AND MS MOMENTS

MEMBER AB -M AT A = 16545.06 AT B = -33324.44
 -MS AT A = 20298.63 AT B = -37078.01 +MS = 22808.92
 MEMBER AF -M AT A = -18374.30 AT F = 43104.53
 -MS AT A = -24267.42 AT F = 54289.45 +MS = 6140.33
 MEMBER FE -M AT F = -30995.30 AT E = 63660.07
 -MS AT F = -39315.83 AT E = 71980.60 +MS = 45552.88



SUBJECT _____

COMPUTATION _____

COMPUTED BY _____ CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____

STEP NO. 5 - FIND REQ'D D AND AREA OF STEEL

ALLOWABLE STRESSES: F'C = 4000
FC = 1800
FS = 20000

-.0.....&0
-.....&02
-.0.....&0
-.....&02
-.....&02
-.....&02
-.....&02

MEMBER AB REQ'D D AT A = 7.91 AT B = 10.69
-AS AT A = .42 AT B = .99 +AS = .55
MEMBER AF REQ'D D AT A = 8.65 AT F = 12.94
-AS AT A = .40 AT F = 1.04 +AS = -.19
MEMBER FE REQ'D D AT F = 11.01 AT E = 14.90
-AS AT F = .74 AT E = 1.90 +AS = .96
CANTILEVER AS = -.37

STEP NO. 6 - CHECK SHEAR SF IN ROOF AND BASE SLAB

-.....&02
.....&02

MEMBER AB FS AT A = 9.04 AT B = 9.04
SFS ALLOW = 2.5
MEMBER FE FS AT F = 5.00 AT E = 5.00
SFS ALLOW = 2.5

END

